UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission File No. 001-09818

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN HOLDING L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 13-3434400

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1345 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10105

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(212) 969-1000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "scelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No x

The number of units representing assignments of beneficial ownership of limited partnership interests outstanding as of June 30, 2018 was 98,028,820.*

*includes 100,000 units of general partnership interest having economic interests equivalent to the economic interests of the units representing assignments of beneficial ownership of limited partnership interests.

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN HOLDING L.P.

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Part I

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Part I

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. <u>Financial Statements</u>

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN HOLDING L.P.

Condensed Statements of Financial Condition (in thousands, except unit amounts)

(unaudited)

	 June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017		
ASSETS				
Investment in AB	\$ 1,534,935	\$	1,544,704	
Total assets	\$ 1,534,935	\$	1,544,704	
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL				
Liabilities:				
Other liabilities	\$ 629	\$	1,154	
Total liabilities	629		1,154	
Commitments and contingencies (See Note 8)				
Partners' capital:				
General Partner: 100,000 general partnership units issued and outstanding	1,386		1,411	
Limited partners: 97,928,820 and 96,361,989 limited partnership units issued and outstanding	1,601,958		1,590,776	
AB Holding Units held by AB to fund long-term incentive compensation plans	(31,718)		(15,174)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(37,320)		(33,463)	
Total partners' capital	 1,534,306		1,543,550	
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$ 1,534,935	\$	1,544,704	

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN HOLDING L.P.

Condensed Statements of Income

(in thousands, except per unit amounts) (unaudited)

	Т	hree Months	End	ed June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2018		2017		2018		2017		
Equity in net income attributable to AB Unitholders	\$	65,388	\$	47,947	\$	131,086	\$	97,613		
Income taxes		6,931		6,206		14,469		11,962		
Net income	\$	58,457	\$	41,741	\$	116,617	\$	85,651		
Net income per unit:										
Basic	\$	0.59	\$	0.43	\$	1.19	\$	0.89		
Diluted	\$	0.59	\$	0.43	\$	1.19	\$	0.89		

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN HOLDING L.P. Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income

(in thousands) (unaudited)

	Thi	ree Months	Ende	ed June 30,	Six Mon Jun	ıded	
	2018 2017			2018		2017	
Net income	\$	58,457	\$	41,741	\$ 116,617	\$	85,651
Other comprehensive income (loss):							
Foreign currency translation adjustments, before reclassification and tax		(7,429)		2,643	(3,981)		5,842
Less: reclassification adjustment for (losses) included in net income upon liquidation		(36)		_	(36)		_
Foreign currency translation adjustments, before tax		(7,393)		2,643	(3,945)		5,842
Income tax (expense) benefit		(5)		97	(25)		52
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax		(7,398)		2,740	(3,970)		5,894
Unrealized gains on investments:							
Unrealized gains arising during period		_		9	_		4
Less: reclassification adjustments for gains included in net income		_		_	_		_
Changes in unrealized gains on investments	'			9	_		4
Income tax benefit		_		3	_		2
Unrealized gains on investments, net of tax				12	_		6
Changes in employee benefit related items:							
Amortization of prior service cost		1		8	1		10
Recognized actuarial gain		57		421	19		533
Changes in employee benefit related items		58		429	20		543
Income tax benefit (expense)		1		(4)	(40)		(31)
Employee benefit related items, net of tax		59		425	(20)		512
Other		134		_	133		_
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(7,205)		3,177	(3,857)		6,412
Comprehensive income	\$	51,252	\$	44,918	\$ 112,760	\$	92,063

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN HOLDING L.P. Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands) (unaudited)

Six Months Ended

		Jun	e 30,		
		2018		2017	
Cash flows from operating activities:	-				
Net income	\$	116,617	\$	85,651	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Equity in net income attributable to AB Unitholders		(131,086)		(97,613)	
Cash distributions received from AB		167,861		120,816	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Decrease in other liabilities		(525)		(72)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		152,867		108,782	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Investments in AB with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units		(8,314)		(9,246)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(8,314)		(9,246)	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Cash distributions to Unitholders		(154,064)		(109,371)	
Capital contributions from AB		1,197		589	
Proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units		8,314		9,246	
Net cash used in financing activities		(144,553)		(99,536)	
Change in cash and cash equivalents		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents as of beginning of period					
Cash and cash equivalents as of end of period	\$	_	\$	_	

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN HOLDING L.P. Notes to Condensed Financial Statements June 30, 2018

(unaudited)

The words "we" and "our" refer collectively to AllianceBernstein Holding L.P. ("AB Holding") and AllianceBernstein L.P. and its subsidiaries ("AB"), or to their officers and employees. Similarly, the word "company" refers to both AB Holding and AB. Where the context requires distinguishing between AB Holding and AB, we identify which of them is being discussed.

1. Business Description, Organization and Basis of Presentation

Business Description

AB Holding's principal source of income and cash flow is attributable to its investment in AB limited partnership interests. The condensed financial statements and notes of AB Holding should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes of AB included as an exhibit to this quarterly report on Form 10-Q and with AB Holding's and AB's audited financial statements included in AB Holding's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

AB provides research, diversified investment management and related services globally to a broad range of clients. Its principal services include:

- Institutional Services servicing its institutional clients, including private and public pension plans, foundations and endowments, insurance companies, central banks and governments worldwide, and affiliates such as AXA S.A. ("AXA"), AXA Equitable Holdings, Inc. ("EQH") and their respective subsidiaries, by means of separately-managed accounts, sub-advisory relationships, structured products, collective investment trusts, mutual funds, hedge funds and other investment vehicles.
- Retail Services servicing its retail clients, primarily by means of retail mutual funds sponsored by AB or an affiliated company, sub-advisory relationships with mutual funds sponsored by third parties, separately-managed account programs sponsored by financial intermediaries worldwide and other investment vehicles.
- Private Wealth Management Services servicing its private clients, including high-net-worth individuals and families, trusts and estates, charitable foundations, partnerships, private and family corporations, and other entities, by means of separately-managed accounts, hedge funds, mutual funds and other investment vehicles.
- Bernstein Research Services servicing institutional investors, such as pension fund, hedge fund and mutual fund managers, seeking high-quality fundamental research, quantitative services and brokerage-related services in equities and listed options.

AB also provides distribution, shareholder servicing, transfer agency services and administrative services to the mutual funds it sponsors.

AB's high-quality, in-depth research is the foundation of its business. AB's research disciplines include economic, fundamental equity, fixed income and quantitative research. In addition, AB has experts focused on multi-asset strategies, wealth management and alternative investments.

AB provides a broad range of investment services with expertise in:

- Actively-managed equity strategies, with global and regional portfolios across capitalization ranges, concentration ranges and investment strategies, including value, growth and core equities;
- · Actively-managed traditional and unconstrained fixed income strategies, including taxable and tax-exempt strategies;
- Passive management, including index and enhanced index strategies;
- Alternative investments, including hedge funds, fund of funds and private equity (e.g., direct real estate investing and direct lending); and
- Multi-asset solutions and services, including dynamic asset allocation, customized target-date funds and target-risk funds.

AB's services span various investment disciplines, including market capitalization (*e.g.*, large-, mid- and small-cap equities), term (*e.g.*, long-, intermediate- and short-duration debt securities), and geographic location (*e.g.*, U.S., international, global, emerging markets, regional and local), in major markets around the world.

Organization

During 2017, AXA, a French holding company for the AXA Group, a worldwide leader in life, property and casualty and health insurance and asset management, announced its intention to pursue the sale of a minority stake in EQH, the holding company for a diversified financial services organization, through an initial public offering ("IPO"). During the second quarter of 2018, EQH completed the IPO, and as a result AXA owns approximately 71.9% of the outstanding common stock of EQH as of June 30, 2018. AXA has announced its intention to sell its entire interest in EQH over time, subject to market conditions and other factors. AXA is under no obligation to do so and retains the sole discretion to determine the timing of any future sales of shares of EQH common stock.

As of June 30, 2018, EQH owns approximately 3.8% of the issued and outstanding units representing assignments of beneficial ownership of limited partnership interests in AB Holding ("AB Holding Units"). AllianceBernstein Corporation (an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of EQH, "General Partner") is the general partner of both AB Holding and AB. AllianceBernstein Corporation owns 100,000 general partnership units in AB Holding and a 1% general partnership interest in AB.

As of June 30, 2018, the ownership structure of AB, expressed as a percentage of general and limited partnership interests, is as follows:

EQH and its subsidiaries	63.3%
AB Holding	35.9
Unaffiliated holders	0.8
	100.0%

Including both the general partnership and limited partnership interests in AB Holding and AB, EQH and its subsidiaries have an approximate 64.7% economic interest in AB as of June 30, 2018.

Basis of Presentation

The interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of the interim results, have been made. The preparation of the condensed financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the condensed financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the interim reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The condensed statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2017 was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

AB Holding records its investment in AB using the equity method of accounting. AB Holding's investment is increased to reflect its proportionate share of income of AB and decreased to reflect its proportionate share of losses of AB and cash distributions made by AB to its Unitholders. In addition, AB Holding's investment is adjusted to reflect its proportionate share of certain capital transactions of AB.

AB's ASC 606 Implementation

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which outlines a single comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers and supersedes most of the existing revenue recognition requirements. This standard had no impact on AB Holding's statement of income. AB adopted this new standard on January 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis for contracts that were not completed as of the date of adoption.

On January 1, 2018, AB recorded a cumulative effect adjustment, net of tax, of a \$35.0 million increase to partners' capital in its condensed consolidated statement of financial condition. Accordingly, AB Holding, as a result of its 35.5% ownership interest in AB as of January 1, 2018, recorded a cumulative effect adjustment, net of tax, of \$12.5 million to partners' capital in its condensed statement of financial condition.

2. Cash Distributions

AB Holding is required to distribute all of its Available Cash Flow, as defined in the Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of AB Holding ("AB Holding Partnership Agreement"), to its Unitholders *pro rata* in accordance with their percentage interests in AB Holding. Available Cash Flow is defined as the cash distributions AB Holding receives from AB minus such amounts as the General Partner determines, in its sole discretion, should be retained by AB Holding for use in its business (such as the payment of taxes) or plus such amounts as the General Partner determines, in its sole discretion, should be released from previously retained cash flow.

On July 26, 2018, the General Partner declared a distribution of \$0.62 per unit, representing a distribution of Available Cash Flow for the three months ended June 30, 2018. Each general partnership unit in AB Holding is entitled to receive distributions equal to those received by each AB Holding Unit. The distribution is payable on August 23, 2018 to holders of record at the close of business on August 6, 2018.

3. Long-term Incentive Compensation Plans

AB maintains several unfunded, non-qualified long-term incentive compensation plans, under which the company grants awards of restricted AB Holding Units to its employees and members of the Board of Directors, who are not employed by AB or by any of AB's affiliates ("Eligible Directors").

AB funds its restricted AB Holding Unit awards either by purchasing AB Holding Units on the open market or purchasing newly-issued AB Holding Units from AB Holding, and then keeping all of these AB Holding Units in a consolidated rabbi trust until delivering them or retiring them. In accordance with the AB Holding Partnership Agreement, when AB purchases newly-issued AB Holding Units from AB Holding, AB Holding is required to use the proceeds it receives from AB to purchase the equivalent number of newly-issued AB Units, thus increasing its percentage ownership interest in AB. AB Holding Units held in the consolidated rabbi trust are corporate assets in the name of the trust and are available to the general creditors of AB.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, AB purchased approximately 1.2 million and 1.2 million AB Holding Units for \$32.9 million and \$35.2 million, respectively (on a trade date basis). These amounts reflect open-market purchases of 1.2 million AB Holding Units for \$32.9 million during the second quarter of 2018 with the remainder relating to purchases of AB Holding Units from employees to allow them to fulfill statutory tax withholding requirements at the time of delivery of long-term incentive compensation awards. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, AB purchased 4.3 million and 5.7 million AB Holding Units for \$96.7 million and \$127.8 million, respectively (on a trade date basis). These amounts reflect open-market purchases of 3.7 million and 4.9 million AB Holding Units for \$82.4 million and \$110.3 million, respectively, with the remainder relating to purchases of AB Holding Units from employees to allow them to fulfill statutory tax withholding requirements at the time of delivery of long-term incentive compensation awards.

Each quarter, AB considers whether to implement a plan to repurchase AB Holding Units pursuant to Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"). A plan of this type allows a company to repurchase its shares at times when it otherwise might be prevented from doing so because of self-imposed trading blackout periods or because it possesses material non-public information. Each broker selected by AB has the authority under the terms and limitations specified in the plan to repurchase AB Holding Units on AB's behalf in accordance with the terms of the plan. Repurchases are subject to regulations promulgated by the SEC as well as certain price, market volume and timing constraints specified in the plan. The plan adopted during the second quarter of 2018 expired at the close of business on July 25, 2018. AB may adopt additional plans in the future to engage in open-market purchases of AB Holding Units to help fund anticipated obligations under its incentive compensation award program and for other corporate purposes.

During the first six months of 2018 and 2017, AB granted to employees and Eligible Directors 2.4 million and 2.0 million restricted AB Holding Unit awards, respectively. AB used AB Holding Units repurchased during the periods and newly-issued AB Holding Units to fund these restricted AB Holding Unit awards.

During each of the first six months of 2018 and 2017, AB Holding issued 0.5 million AB Holding Units upon exercise of options to buy AB Holding Units. AB Holding used the proceeds of \$8.3 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, received as payment in cash for the exercise price to purchase the equivalent number of newly-issued AB Units.

4. Net Income per Unit

Basic net income per unit is derived by dividing net income by the basic weighted average number of units outstanding for each period. Diluted net income per unit is derived by adjusting net income for the assumed dilutive effect of compensatory options ("Net income – diluted") and dividing by the diluted weighted average number of units outstanding for each period.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2018		2017		2018		2017		
			(in t	housands, exc	cept p	ept per unit amounts)				
Net income – basic	\$	58,457	\$	41,741	\$	116,617	\$	85,651		
Additional allocation of equity in net income attributable to AB resulting from assumed dilutive effect of compensatory options		115		137		259		313		
Net income – diluted	\$	58,572	\$	41,878	\$	116,876	\$	85,964		
Weighted average units outstanding – basic		98,368		96,061		97,673		96,150		
Dilutive effect of compensatory options		272		430		303		482		

Weighted average units outstanding – diluted	 98,640	 96,491	 97,976	 96,632
Basic net income per unit	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.43	\$ 1.19	\$ 0.89
Diluted net income per unit	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.43	\$ 1.19	\$ 0.89

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we excluded 850,155 options and 1,211,906 options, respectively, from the diluted net income computation due to their anti-dilutive effect. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we excluded 2,507,179 options and 2,452,633 options, respectively, from the diluted net income computation due to their anti-dilutive effect.

5. Investment in AB

Changes in AB Holding's investment in AB during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

Investment in AB as of December 31, 2017 Equity in net income attributable to AB Unitholders	\$ 1,544,704 131,086
Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(3,857)
Additional investments with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units	8,314
Cash distributions received from AB	(167,861)
Capital contributions from AB	(1,197)
AB Holding Units retired	(39,704)
AB Holding Units issued to fund long-term incentive compensation plans	67,579
Change in AB Holding Units held by AB for long-term incentive compensation plans	(16,545)
Impact of ABLP's adoption of revenue recognition standard ASC 606	12,549
Other	(133)
Investment in AB as of June 30, 2018	\$ 1,534,935

6. Units Outstanding

Changes in AB Holding Units outstanding during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Outstanding as of December 31, 2017	96,461,989
Options exercised	488,513
Units issued	2,471,307
Units retired	(1,392,989)
Outstanding as of June 30, 2018	98,028,820

7. Income Taxes

AB Holding is a "grandfathered" publicly-traded partnership ("PTP") for federal tax purposes and, accordingly, is not subject to federal or state corporate income taxes. However, AB Holding is subject to the 4.0% New York City unincorporated business tax ("UBT"), net of credits for UBT paid by AB, and to a 3.5% federal tax on partnership gross income from the active conduct of a trade or business. AB Holding's partnership gross income is derived from its interest in AB.

AB Holding's federal income tax is computed by multiplying certain AB qualifying revenues (primarily U.S. investment advisory fees and brokerage commissions) by AB Holding's ownership interest in AB, multiplied by the 3.5% tax rate. AB Holding Units in AB's consolidated rabbi trust are not considered outstanding for purposes of calculating AB Holding's ownership interest in AB.

	ті	nree Months	End	led Tune 30			Six Mont Jun			
		2018			% Change		2018		2017	% Change
					(in th	ousands)			
Net income attributable to AB Unitholders	\$	181,665	\$	135,103	34.5%	\$	365,861	\$	275,040	33.0%
Multiplied by: weighted average equity ownership interest		36.0%		35.5%			35.8%		35.5%	
Equity in net income attributable to AB Unitholders	\$	65,388	\$	47,947	36.4	\$	131,086	\$	97,613	34.3
AB qualifying revenues	\$	643,009	\$	586,478	9.6	\$	1,345,927	\$	1,132,655	18.8
Multiplied by: weighted average equity ownership interest for										
calculating tax		30.2%		29.7%			30.2%		29.6%	
Multiplied by: federal tax		3.5%		3.5%			3.5%		3.5%	
Federal income taxes		6,794		6,099			14,204		11,750	
State income taxes		137		107			265		212	
Total income taxes	\$	6,931	\$	6,206	11.7	\$	14,469	\$	11,962	21.0
Effective tax rate	_	10.6%		12.9%			11.0%		12.3%	

In order to preserve AB Holding's status as a "grandfathered" PTP for federal income tax purposes, management ensures that AB Holding does not directly or indirectly (through AB) enter into a substantial new line of business. If AB Holding were to lose its status as a "grandfathered" PTP, it would be subject to corporate income tax, which would reduce materially AB Holding's net income and its quarterly distributions to AB Holding Unitholders.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal and regulatory matters described below pertain to AB and are included here due to their potential significance to AB Holding's investment in AB.

With respect to all significant litigation matters, we consider the likelihood of a negative outcome. If we determine the likelihood of a negative outcome is probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, we record an estimated loss for the expected outcome of the litigation. If the likelihood of a negative outcome is reasonably possible and we are able to determine an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss in excess of amounts already accrued, if any, we disclose that fact together with the estimate of the possible loss or range of loss. However, it is often difficult to predict the outcome or estimate a possible loss or range of loss because litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, particularly when plaintiffs allege substantial or indeterminate damages. Such is also the case when the litigation is in its early stages or when the litigation is highly complex or broad in scope. In these cases, we disclose that we are unable to predict the outcome or estimate a possible loss or range of loss.

AB may be involved in various matters, including regulatory inquiries, administrative proceedings and litigation, some of which may allege significant damages. It is reasonably possible that AB could incur losses pertaining to these matters, but management cannot currently estimate any such losses.

Management, after consultation with legal counsel, currently believes that the outcome of any individual matter that is pending or threatened, or all of them combined, will not have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity. However, any inquiry, proceeding or litigation has an element of uncertainty; management cannot determine whether further developments relating to any individual matter that is pending or threatened, or all of them combined, will have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity in any future reporting period.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

AB Holding's principal source of income and cash flow is attributable to its investment in AB Units. AB Holding's interim condensed financial statements and notes and management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations ("MD&A") should be read in conjunction with those of AB included as an exhibit to this Form 10-Q. They also should be read in conjunction with AB's audited financial statements and notes and MD&A included in AB Holding's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Results of Operations

	Three Months Ended June 30,									
		2018		2017	% Change		2018		2017	% Change
				(iı	n thousands, exce	pt pe	er unit amoun	ts)		
Net income attributable to AB Unitholders	\$	181,665	\$	135,103	34.5%	\$	365,861	\$	275,040	33.0%
Weighted average equity ownership interest		36.0%		35.5%			35.8%		35.5%	
Equity in net income attributable to AB Unitholders		65,388		47,947	36.4		131,086		97,613	34.3
Income taxes		6,931		6,206	11.7		14,469		11,962	21.0
Net income of AB Holding	\$	58,457	\$	41,741	40.0	\$	116,617	\$	85,651	36.2
Diluted net income per AB Holding Unit	\$	0.59	\$	0.43	37.2	\$	1.19	\$	0.89	33.7
Distribution per AB Holding Unit ⁽¹⁾	\$	0.62	\$	0.49	26.5	\$	1.35	\$	0.95	42.1

⁽¹⁾ Distributions reflect the impact of AB's non-GAAP adjustments.

Net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$16.7 million and \$31.0 million, respectively, due to higher net income attributable to AB Unitholders and higher weighted average equity ownership interest.

AB Holding's partnership gross income is derived from its interest in AB. AB Holding's income taxes, which reflect a 3.5% federal tax on its partnership gross income from the active conduct of a trade or business, are computed by multiplying certain AB qualifying revenues (primarily U.S. investment advisory fees and brokerage commissions) by AB Holding's ownership interest in AB, multiplied by the 3.5% tax rate. AB Holding's effective tax rate was 10.6% in the second quarter of 2018 compared to 12.9% during the second quarter of 2017. AB Holding's effective tax rate during the six months ended June 30, 2018 was 11.0% compared to 12.3% during the six months ended June 30, 2017. See Note 7 to the condensed financial statements contained in Item 1 for the calculation of income tax expense.

Management Operating Metrics

As supplemental information, AB provides the performance measures "adjusted net revenues", "adjusted operating income" and "adjusted operating margin", which are the principal metrics management uses in evaluating and comparing the period-to-period operating performance of AB. Management principally uses these metrics in evaluating performance because they present a clearer picture of AB's operating performance and allow management to see long-term trends without the distortion primarily caused by long-term incentive compensation-related mark-to-market adjustments, real estate consolidation charges and other adjustment items. Similarly, management believes that these management operating metrics help investors better understand the underlying trends in AB's results and, accordingly, provide a valuable perspective for investors. Such measures are not based on generally accepted accounting principles ("non-GAAP measures"). These non-GAAP measures are provided in addition to, and not as substitutes for, net revenues, operating income and operating margin, and they may not be comparable to non-GAAP measures presented by other companies. Management uses both GAAP and non-GAAP measures in evaluating the company's financial performance. The non-GAAP measures alone may pose limitations because they do not include all of AB's revenues and expenses. Further, adjusted diluted net income per AB Holding Unit is not a liquidity measure and should not be used in place of cash flow measures. See AB's MD&A contained in Exhibit 99.1.

The impact of these adjustments on AB Holding's net income and diluted net income per AB Holding Unit is as follows:

	Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2018		2017		2018		2017		
		(in	thousands, excep	t per l	Unit amounts)				
AB non-GAAP adjustments, before taxes	\$ 7,541	\$	16,958	\$	42,850	\$	17,548		
AB income tax expense on non-GAAP adjustments	(292)		(1,077)		(1,135)		(1,088)		
AB non-GAAP adjustments, after taxes	7,249		15,881		41,715		16,460		
AB Holding's weighted average equity ownership interest in AB	36.0%		35.5%		35.8%		35.5%		
Impact on AB Holding's net income of AB non-GAAP adjustments	\$ 2,609	\$	5,637	\$	14,946	\$	5,842		
Net income – diluted, GAAP basis	\$ 58,572	\$	41,878	\$	116,876	\$	85,964		
Impact on AB Holding's net income of AB non-GAAP adjustments	2,609		5,637		14,946		5,842		
Adjusted net income – diluted	\$ 61,181	\$	47,515	\$	131,822	\$	91,806		
Diluted net income per AB Holding Unit, GAAP basis	\$ 0.59	\$	0.43	\$	1.19	\$	0.89		
Impact of AB non-GAAP adjustments	0.03		0.06		0.16		0.06		
Adjusted diluted net income per AB Holding Unit	\$ 0.62	\$	0.49	\$	1.35	\$	0.95		

The degree to which AB's non-GAAP adjustments impact AB Holding's net income fluctuates based on AB Holding's ownership percentage in AB.

Cash Distributions

AB Holding is required to distribute all of its Available Cash Flow, as defined in the AB Holding Partnership Agreement, to its Unitholders (including the General Partner). Available Cash Flow typically is the adjusted diluted net income per unit for the quarter multiplied by the number of units outstanding at the end of the quarter. Management anticipates that Available Cash Flow will continue to be based on adjusted diluted net income per unit, unless management determines, with the concurrence of the Board of Directors, that one or more adjustments that are made for adjusted net income should not be made with respect to the Available Cash Flow calculation. *See Note 2 to the condensed financial statements contained in Item 1* for a description of Available Cash Flow.

Capital Resources and Liquidity

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, net cash provided by operating activities was \$152.9 million, compared to \$108.8 million during the corresponding 2017 period. The increase primarily resulted from higher cash distributions received from AB of \$47.0 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, net cash used in investing activities was \$8.3 million, compared to \$9.2 million during the corresponding 2017 period. The activity in both periods reflects the investments in AB with proceeds from exercises of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, net cash used in financing activities was \$144.6 million, compared to \$99.5 million during the corresponding 2017 period. The increase primarily was due to higher cash distributions to Unitholders of \$44.7 million.

Management believes that AB Holding will have the resources it needs to meet its financial obligations as a result of the cash flow AB Holding realizes from its investment in AB.

Commitments and Contingencies

See Note 8 to the condensed financial statements contained in Item 1.

CAUTIONS REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements provided by management in this report and in the portion of AB's Form 10-Q attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The most significant of these factors include, but are not limited to, the following: the performance of financial markets, the investment performance of sponsored investment products and separately-managed accounts, general economic conditions, industry trends, future acquisitions, integration of acquired companies, competitive conditions and government regulations, including changes in tax regulations and rates and the manner in which the earnings of publicly-traded partnerships are taxed. We caution readers to carefully consider such factors. Further, these forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made; we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements. For further information regarding these forward-looking statements and the factors that could cause actual results to differ, see "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 and Part II, Item 1A in this Form 10-Q. Any or all of the forward-looking statements that we make in our Form 10-K, this Form 10-Q, other documents we file with or furnish to the SEC, and any other public statements we issue, may turn out to be wrong. It is important to remember that other factors besides those listed in "Risk Factors" and those listed below could also adversely impact our revenues, financial condition, results of operations and business prospects.

The forward-looking statements referred to in *the preceding paragraph*, most of which directly affect AB but also affect AB Holding because AB Holding's principal source of income and cash flow is attributable to its investment in AB, include statements regarding:

- Our belief that the cash flow AB Holding realizes from its investment in AB will provide AB Holding with the resources it needs to meet its financial obligations: AB Holding's cash flow is dependent on the quarterly cash distributions it receives from AB. Accordingly, AB Holding's ability to meet its financial obligations is dependent on AB's cash flow from its operations, which is subject to the performance of the capital markets and other factors beyond our control.
- Our financial condition and ability to access the public and private capital markets providing adequate liquidity for our general business needs: Our financial condition is dependent on our cash flow from operations, which is subject to the performance of the capital markets, our ability to maintain and grow client assets under management and other factors beyond our control. Our ability to access public and private capital markets on reasonable terms may be limited by adverse market conditions, our firm's credit ratings, our profitability and changes in government regulations, including tax rates and interest rates.
- The outcome of litigation: Litigation is inherently unpredictable, and excessive damage awards do occur. Though we have stated that we do not expect any pending legal proceedings to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity, any settlement or judgment with respect to a pending or future legal proceeding could be significant, and could have such an effect.
- The possibility that we will engage in open market purchases of AB Holding Units to help fund anticipated obligations under our incentive compensation award program: The number of AB Holding Units AB may decide to buy in future periods, if any, to help fund incentive compensation awards depends on various factors, some of which are beyond our control, including the fluctuation in the price of an AB Holding Unit (NYSE: AB) and the availability of cash to make these purchases.
- Our determination that adjusted employee compensation expense should not exceed 50% of our adjusted net revenues: Aggregate employee compensation reflects employee performance and competitive compensation levels. Fluctuations in our revenues and/or changes in competitive compensation levels could result in adjusted employee compensation expense exceeding 50% of our adjusted net revenues.
- <u>Our Relocation Strategy:</u> While the expenses, expense savings and EPU impact we expect will result from our Relocation Strategy are presented with numerical specificity, and we believe these figures to be reasonable as of the date of this report, the uncertainties surrounding the assumptions on which our estimates are based create a significant risk that our current estimates may not be realized. These assumptions include:

- · the amount and timing of employee relocation costs, severance and overlapping compensation and occupancy costs we experience; and
- the timing for execution of each phase of our relocation implementation plan.
- Our 2020 Margin Target: While our 2020 Margin Target is presented with numerical specificity, and we believe the target to be reasonable as of the date
 of this report, the uncertainties surrounding the assumptions on which the 2020 Margin Target is based create a significant risk that these assumptions
 may not be realized. These assumptions include:
 - the levels of positive net flows into our investment services;
 - the level of growth (in terms of additional AUM) in our alternatives product business;
 - the rate of increase in our fixed costs due to inflation and similar factors, the transitional costs related to our relocation strategy and the timing of such costs, the success we have in achieving planned new cost reductions (including those relating to our relocation strategy) and the timing of such cost reductions, and the investments we make in our business; and
 - general conditions of the markets in which our business operates, including modest appreciation in both equity and fixed income total investment returns.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes in AB Holding's market risk from the information provided under "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in Part II, Item 7A of AB Holding's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Each of AB Holding and AB maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures that is designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner, and (ii) accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), to permit timely decisions regarding our disclosure.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, management carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the CEO and the CFO, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, the CEO and the CFO concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No change in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during the second quarter of 2018 that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. <u>Legal Proceedings</u>

See Note 8 to the condensed financial statements contained in Part I, Item 1.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In AB Holding's 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, we indicated that AB's revenues and results of operations depend on the market value and composition of AB's AUM, which can fluctuate significantly based on various factors. We then described these factors, one of which, market factors, evolved significantly during the quarter ended June 30, 2018.

Market volatility accelerated during the second quarter of 2018, resulting from increasing concerns about global trade wars, the slowing pace of global growth, inflation and more aggressive monetary policy in the U.S. These factors may adversely impact the global economy and the capital markets, as a result of which AB's AUM and revenues would be expected to decline.

Otherwise, there have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in AB Holding's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Item 2. <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>

There were no AB Holding Units sold by AB Holding in the period covered by this report that were not registered under the Securities Act.

Each quarter, since the third quarter of 2011, AB has implemented plans to repurchase AB Holding Units pursuant to Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Exchange Act. The plan adopted during the second quarter of 2018 expired at the close of business on July 25, 2018. AB may adopt additional plans in the future to engage in open-market purchases of AB Holding Units to help fund anticipated obligations under the firm's incentive compensation award program and for other corporate purposes. *See Note 3 to the condensed financial statements contained in Part 1, Item 1.*

AB Holding Units bought by us or one of our affiliates during the second quarter of 2018 are as follows:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	Total Number of AB Holding Units Purchased	AB I	Average Price Paid Per AB Holding Units Part of Publicly Announced Plans Commissions Total Number of AB Holding Units Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs		Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of AB Holding Units that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
4/1/18 - 4/30/18 ⁽¹⁾	510	\$	25.75	_	_
5/1/18 - 5/31/18 ⁽²⁾	617,800		27.93	_	_
6/1/18 - 6/30/18 ⁽²⁾	540,146		28.95	_	_
Total	1,158,456	\$	28.40		

⁽¹⁾ During the second quarter of 2018, AB purchased from employees 510 AB Holding Units to allow them to fulfill statutory withholding tax requirements at the time of distribution of long-term incentive compensation awards.

(2) During the second quarter of 2018, AB purchased 1,157,946 AB Holding Units on the open market pursuant to a Rule 10b5-1 plan to help fund anticipated obligations under our incentive compensation award program.

AB Units bought by us or one of our affiliates during the second quarter of 2018 are as follows:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	Total Number of AB Units Purchased	Average Price Paid Per AB Unit, net of Commissions	Total Number of AB Units Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of AB Units that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
4/1/18 - 4/30/18	_	\$ —	_	_
5/1/18 - 5/31/18	_	_		_
6/1/18 - 6/30/18 ⁽¹⁾	2,600	28.66	_	_
Total	2,600	\$ 28.66	_	

⁽¹⁾ During June 2018, AB purchased 2,600 AB Units in private transactions.

Item 3. <u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act

AB, AB Holding and their global subsidiaries had no transactions or activities requiring disclosure under the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act ("Iran Act"), nor were they involved in the AXA Group matters described immediately below.

The non-U.S. based subsidiaries of AXA operate in compliance with applicable laws and regulations of the various jurisdictions in which they operate, including applicable international (United Nations and European Union) laws and regulations. While AXA Group companies based and operating outside the United States generally are not subject to U.S. law, as an international group, AXA has in place policies and standards (including the AXA Group International Sanctions Policy) that apply to all AXA Group companies worldwide and often impose requirements that go well beyond local law. For additional information regarding AXA, see Note 1 to the condensed financial statements in Part 1, Item 1.

AXA has informed us that AXA Konzern AG, an AXA insurance subsidiary organized under the laws of Germany, provides car, accident and health insurance to diplomats based at the Iranian embassy in Berlin, Germany. The total annual premium of these policies is approximately \$139,700 and the annual net profit arising from these policies, which is difficult to calculate with precision, is estimated to be \$24,600. These policies were underwritten by a broker who specializes in providing insurance coverage for diplomats.

AXA has informed us that AXA Belgium, an AXA insurance subsidiary organized under the laws of Belgium, insurers three cars for Global Trading NV, who were designated on May 17, 2018 under (E.O.) 13224. The total annual premium of these policies is approximately \$15,553 before tax and the annual net profit arising from these policies, which is difficult to calculate with precision, is estimated to be \$1,866.

<u>Index</u>

In addition, AXA has informed us that AXA Insurance Ireland, an AXA insurance subsidiary, provides statutorily required car insurance under four separate policies to the Iranian Embassy in Dublin, Ireland. AXA has informed us that compliance with the Declined Cases Agreement of the Irish Government prohibits the cancellation of these policies unless another insurer is willing to assume the coverage. The total annual premium for these policies is approximately \$7,115 and the annual net profit arising from these policies, which is difficult to calculate with precision, is estimated to be \$853.

Also, AXA has informed us that AXA Sigorta, a subsidiary of AXA organized under the laws of Republic of Turkey, provides car insurance coverage for vehicle pools of the Iranian General Consulate and the Iranian Embassy in Istanbul, Turkey. Motor third party liability insurance coverage is compulsory in Turkey and cannot be canceled unilaterally. The total annual premium in respect of these policies is approximately \$3,150 and the annual net profit, which is difficult to calculate with precision, is estimated to be \$473.

Additionally, AXA has informed us that AXA Winterthur, an AXA insurance subsidiary organized under the laws of Switzerland, provides Naftiran Intertrade, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Iranian state-owned National Iranian Oil Company, with life, disability and accident coverage for its employees. The provision of these forms of coverage is mandatory for employees in Switzerland. The total annual premium of these policies is approximately \$373,668 and the annual net profit arising from these policies, which is difficult to calculate with precision, is estimated to be \$56,000.

Lastly, AXA has informed us that AXA Egypt, an AXA insurance subsidiary organized under the laws of Egypt, provides the Iranian state-owned Iran Development Bank, two life insurance contracts, covering individuals who have loans with the bank. The total annual premium of these policies is approximately \$19,839 and annual net profit arising from these policies, which is difficult to calculate with precision, is estimated to be \$2,000.

The aggregate annual premium for the above-referenced insurance policies is approximately \$559,025, representing approximately 0.0006% of AXA's 2017 consolidated revenues, which exceed \$100 billion. The related net profit, which is difficult to calculate with precision, is estimated to be \$85,792, representing approximately 0.001% of AXA's 2017 aggregate net profit.

Item 6. <u>Exhibits</u>

31.1	Certification of Mr. Bernstein furnished pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Mr. Weisenseel furnished pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	<u>Certification of Mr. Bernstein furnished for the purpose of complying with Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
32.2	Certification of Mr. Weisenseel furnished for the purpose of complying with Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
99.1	Part I, Items 1 through 4 of the AllianceBernstein L.P. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2018.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 26, 2018

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN HOLDING L.P.

By: /s/ John C. Weisenseel

John C. Weisenseel Chief Financial Officer

By: /s/ William R. Siemers

William R. Siemers
Chief Accounting Officer

I, Seth P. Bernstein, certify that:

- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AllianceBernstein Holding L.P.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 26, 2018 /s/ Seth P. Bernstein

Seth P. Bernstein
Chief Executive Officer
AllianceBernstein Holding L.P.

I, John C. Weisenseel, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AllianceBernstein Holding L.P.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 26, 2018 /s/ John C. Weisenseel

John C. Weisenseel Chief Financial Officer AllianceBernstein Holding L.P.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of AllianceBernstein Holding L.P. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2018 to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or about July 26, 2018 (the "Report"), I, Seth P. Bernstein, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, for the purpose of complying with Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: July 26, 2018 /s/ Seth P. Bernstein

Seth P. Bernstein
Chief Executive Officer
AllianceBernstein Holding L.P.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of AllianceBernstein Holding L.P. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2018 to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or about July 26, 2018 (the "Report"), I, John C. Weisenseel, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, for the purpose of complying with Rule 13a-14(b) or 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: July 26, 2018 /s/ John C. Weisenseel

John C. Weisenseel Chief Financial Officer AllianceBernstein Holding L.P.

Part I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Exhibit 99.1

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition

(in thousands, except unit amounts) (unaudited)

	June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	628,758	\$	671,930	
Cash and securities segregated, at fair value (cost: \$1,288,801 and \$816,350)		1,288,867		816,350	
Receivables, net:					
Brokers and dealers		351,085		199,690	
Brokerage clients		1,646,767		1,647,059	
AB funds fees		201,008		212,115	
Other fees		108,671		124,164	
Investments:					
Long-term incentive compensation-related		57,031		66,034	
Other		448,606		377,555	
Assets of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds:					
Cash and cash equivalents		23,693		326,518	
Investments		301,625		1,246,283	
Other assets		8,178		35,397	
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net		151,115		157,569	
Goodwill		3,066,700		3,066,700	
Intangible assets, net		91,824		105,784	
Deferred sales commissions, net		16,762		30,126	
Other assets		281,424		211,893	
Total assets	\$	8,672,114	\$	9,295,167	
LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST AND CAPITAL					
Liabilities:					
Payables:					
Brokers and dealers	\$	378,402	\$	237,861	
Securities sold not yet purchased		25,796		29,961	
Brokerage clients		2,713,377		2,229,371	
AB mutual funds		56,153		82,967	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		398,398		515,660	
Liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds		6,972		698,101	
Accrued compensation and benefits		494,805		270,610	
Debt		515,129		565,745	
Total liabilities		4,589,032		4,630,276	

Commitments and contingencies (See Note 13)

Redeemable non-controlling interest	108,524	601,587
Capital:		
General Partner	40,886	41,221
Limited partners: 270,222,414 and 268,659,333 units issued and outstanding	4,135,950	4,168,841
Receivables from affiliates	(11,705)	(11,494)
AB Holding Units held for long-term incentive compensation plans	(88,317)	(42,688)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(103,915)	(94,140)
Partners' capital attributable to AB Unitholders	3,972,899	4,061,740
Non-redeemable non-controlling interests in consolidated entities	1,659	1,564
Total capital	3,974,558	4,063,304
Total liabilities, redeemable non-controlling interest and capital	\$ 8,672,114	\$ 9,295,167

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

(in thousands, except per unit amounts) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	-	2018		2017	2018 20			2017
Revenues:								
Investment advisory and services fees	\$	596,870	\$	531,163	\$	1,170,468	\$	1,029,453
Bernstein research services		106,211		109,470		220,611		222,211
Distribution revenues		105,118		100,149		213,122		196,703
Dividend and interest income		21,194		19,348		49,409		33,404
Investment gains (losses)		213		24,113		26,295		49,314
Other revenues		27,264		24,265		54,292		46,630
Total revenues		856,870		808,508		1,734,197		1,577,715
Less: Interest expense		12,132		6,195		21,672		10,485
Net revenues		844,738		802,313		1,712,525		1,567,230
Expenses:								
Employee compensation and benefits		358,248		327,862		702,073		649,610
Promotion and servicing:								
Distribution-related payments		106,301		100,632		216,455		194,845
Amortization of deferred sales commissions		6,113		8,307		12,711		17,386
Trade execution, marketing, T&E and other		59,259		55,359		113,302		105,727
General and administrative:								
General and administrative		108,836		117,462		230,070		231,683
Real estate charges		6,909		20,747		6,645		20,745
Contingent payment arrangements		52		178		105		355
Interest on borrowings		2,629		2,254		5,241		4,122
Amortization of intangible assets		6,927		6,975		13,788		13,908
Total expenses		655,274		639,776		1,300,390		1,238,381
Operating income		189,464		162,537		412,135		328,849
Income taxes		7,538		10,265		23,363		20,322
Net income		181,926		152,272		388,772		308,527
Net income of consolidated entities attributable to non-controlling								
interests		261		17,169		22,911		33,487
			_	,				, -
Net income attributable to AB Unitholders	\$	181,665	\$	135,103	\$	365,861	\$	275,040
Net income per AR Unit:								
Net income per AB Unit: Basic	\$	0.66	\$	0.50	\$	1.34	\$	1.01
Diluted					_			
Diluccu	\$	0.66	\$	0.50	\$	1.34	\$	1.01

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended			d June 30,	
	2018			2017		2018		2017
Net income	\$	181,926	\$	152,272	\$	388,772	\$	308,527
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Foreign currency translation adjustment, before reclassification and tax		(20,656)		7,355		(10,735)		16,356
Less: reclassification adjustment for (losses) included in net income upon liquidation		(100)		_		(100)		_
Foreign currency translation adjustments, before tax		(20,556)		7,355		(10,635)		16,356
Income tax benefit		_		134		_		_
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax		(20,556)		7,489		(10,635)		16,356
Unrealized gains on investments:								
Unrealized gains arising during period		_		26		_		10
Less: reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income		_		_		_		_
Change in unrealized gains on investments		_		26				10
Income tax benefit (expense)		_		_		_		(2)
Unrealized gains on investments, net of tax				26				8
Changes in employee benefit related items:								
Amortization of prior service cost		5		6		11		12
Recognized actuarial gain		286		264		568		523
Changes in employee benefit related items		291		270		579		535
Income tax benefit (expense)		2		(3)		(116)		(79)
Employee benefit related items, net of tax		293		267		463		456
Other		374		_		374		
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(19,889)		7,782		(9,798)		16,820
Less: Comprehensive income in consolidated entities attributable to non-controlling interests		220		18,042		22,887		34,436
Comprehensive income attributable to AB Unitholders	\$	161,817	\$	142,012	\$	356,087	\$	290,911

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands) (unaudited)

Amortization of deferred sales commissions 12,711 17,388 Non-cash long-term incentive compensation expense 14,825 21,33 Depreciation and other amortization 35,626 33,31 Unrealized (gains) losses on investments 20,633 (16,55) Unrealized (gains) losses on investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds 20,463 (18,55) Other, net (10,000) 5,712 (13,55) (13,155) Changes in assets and liabilities: (11,25) (13,155) (30,484) (30,484) (30,484) (30,484) (30,484) (30,484) (30,544) (11,555) (30,484) (30,544) (11,655) (30,484) (30,544) (472,517) (13,155) (30,544) (11,650) (30,484) (30,544) (472,517) (31,552) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (40,542) (30,544) (40,542) (30,544) (40,542) (30,544) (40,542) (30,544) <		Six Months E	Inded June 30,
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Amortization of deferred sales commissions Non-cash long-term incentive compensation expense Depreciation and other amortization Depreciation and other amortization One and long-term incentive compensation expense Depreciation and other amortization One and long-term incentive compensation expense Depreciation and other amortization One and long-term incentive compensation expense One and the amortization One and other amortization One and incending of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds One and (1,907) One and inswerts and liabilities: One are evivables		2018	2017
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Amortization of deferred sales commissions Non-cash long-term incentive compensation expense Depreciation and other amortization Depreciation and other amortization One and long-term incentive compensation expense Depreciation and other amortization One and long-term incentive compensation expense Depreciation and other amortization One and long-term incentive compensation expense One and the amortization One and other amortization One and incending of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds One and (1,907) One and inswerts and liabilities: One are evivables			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Amortization of deferred sales commissions Non-cash long-term incentive compensation expense 14,825 21,33 Depreciation and other amortization Non-cash long-term incentive compensation expense 14,825 33,31 Depreciation and other amortization Unrealized (gains) losses on investments (3,357) 2,63 Unrealized (gains) losses on investments (10,007) 5,71 Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) in segregated cash and securities (Increase) in receivables (Increase) in receivables (Increase) in receivables (Increase) in investments (69,219) (37,97) Decrease in deferred sales commissions (63,219) (37,97) Decrease in deferred sales commissions (66,310) (16,108) (Increase) in receivables (Increase) in crease in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (Increase) in crease in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (Increase) in crease in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (Increase) in crease in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (Increase) in accurate a speaphle and accurated expenses (Increase) in accurated compensation and benefits (225,571) (2014) Net cash provided by operating activities Purchases of investments (Increase in creased compensation and benefits (Increase) in accurate compensation and benefits (Increase) in accurate compensation and benefits (Increase) in accurated compensation and benefits (Increase) in accurated compensation and leasehold improvements (Increase) in accurated compensation and leasehold improvements (Increase) in accurate compensation and leasehold improvements (Increase) in accurate compensation and leasehold improvements (Increase) in crease in overation accurated appear, net (Increase) in accurate compensation and leasehold improvements (Increase) in crease in overation ac		¢ 200.772	¢ 200 525
Amortization of deferred sales commissions 12,711 17,388 Non-cash long-term incentive compensation expense 14,825 21,33 Depreciation and other amortization 35,626 33,31 Unrealized (gains) losses on investments 20,633 (16,55) Unrealized (gains) losses on investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds 20,463 (18,55) Other, net (10,000) 5,712 (13,55) (13,155) Changes in assets and liabilities: (11,25) (13,155) (30,484) (30,484) (30,484) (30,484) (30,484) (30,484) (30,544) (11,555) (30,484) (30,544) (11,655) (30,484) (30,544) (472,517) (13,155) (30,544) (11,650) (30,484) (30,544) (472,517) (31,552) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (30,544) (40,542) (30,544) (40,542) (30,544) (40,542) (30,544) (40,542) (30,544) <	Net income	\$ 388,772	\$ 308,527
Non-cash long-term incentive compensation expense 14,825 21,33 Depreciation and other amortization 35,626 33,11 Unrealized (gains) losses on investments (3,257) 2,63 Unrealized (gains) on investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds (20,463) (18,556) Other, net (37,577) (31,555) (20,663) (18,556) Colleges in sasets and liabilities: (472,517) (131,555) (35,249) (35,249) (35,249) (35,249) (35,249) (36,249) (36,249) (36,249) (36,249) (37,978)	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and other amortization	Amortization of deferred sales commissions	12,711	17,386
Depreciation and other amortization	Non-cash long-term incentive compensation expense	14,825	21,337
Unrealized (gains) on investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds (20,463) (18,550) Oher, net (307) 5.712 Changes in assets and liabilities: (1872,517) (131,552) (50,548) (Increase) in segregated cash and securities (213,529) (50,548) (Increase) in investments (59,219) (37,978) Decrease (increase) in investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds 965,121 (57,048) Decrease in deferred sales commissions (68,310) (68,436) (116,890) (68,436) (Increase) in order assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (663,910) (61,19) (Decrease) increase in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (663,910) (61,19) (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (8,816) (11,818) (11,620) (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (8,816) (11,818) (14,022) (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (8,816) (11,818) (14,022) (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (8,816) (11,818) (14,022		35,626	33,313
Other, net (1,907) 5,712 Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) in segregated cash and securities (472,517) (313,552) (Increase) in receivables (213,529) (50,545) (Increase) in investments (59,219) (37,977) Decrease (increase) in investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds 653 1,922 (Increase) in other assets (116,890) (68,430) (Decrease) in other assets (116,890) (68,310) (Increase in author assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (66,310) (16,118) (Increase in payables (68,270) 70,082 (70,082) (70,08	Unrealized (gains) losses on investments	(3,257)	2,636
Changes in assets and liabilities: (172,517) (131,557) (Increase) in segregated cash and securities (213,529) (50,548) (Increase) in investments (59,219) (37,977) Decrease (increase) in investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds 965,121 (57,048) Decrease in deferred sales commissions 653 1,922 (Increase) in investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (663,910) 161,193 (Increase) in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (663,910) 161,193 (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (88,160) (11,183) (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (88,161) (11,183) (Increase in accrued compensation and benefits 225,571 201,411 Net cash provided by operating activities - (10 Proceeds from investing activities - (10 Proceeds from sales of investments - (11 Proceeds from sales of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements - (11 Net cash used in investing activities - (3	Unrealized (gains) on investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds	(20,463)	(18,550)
(Increase) in segregated cash and securities	Other, net	(1,907)	5,712
(Increase) in segregated cash and securities	Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) in receivables (213,529) (50,54) (Increase) in investments (59,219) (37,97) Decrease (increase) in investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds 965,121 (57,04) Decrease in deferred sales commissions 653 1,922 (Increase) in other assets (116,890) (68,33) (Decrease) increase in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (663,910) 161,138 Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses (88,16) (11,188) (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (88,16) (11,188) Increase in accrued compensation and benefits 225,571 201,411 Net cash provided by operating activities Text of 10,422 448,23 Cash flows from investing activities: Text of 11,422 11,422 Purchase of investments P (11 Proceeds from sales of investments P (12 Proceeds from sales of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements 11,458 13,380 Net cash used in investing activities 20,058 (33,70) Cast flows from financing activit	· ·	(472,517)	(131,552)
(Increase) in investments (59,219) (37,976) Decrease (increase) in investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds 965,121 (57,045) Decrease in deferred sales commissions 653 1,922 (Increase) in other assets (116,890) (68,346) (Increase) in crease in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (663,910) 161,193 Increase in payables (88,16) (11,188) Increase in accrued compensation and benefits 28,557 201,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 765,474 448,233 Cash flows from investing activities: — (11 Purchases of investments — (11 Purchases of investments — (12 Proceeds from sales of investments — (12 Purchases of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements — (13 Net cash flows from financing activities — (33 Cash flows from financing activities — (33 Cash flows from financing activities — (20,58 (33,70) (R			(50,545)
Decrease in investments of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds 965,121 (57,045)			(37,978)
Decrease in deferred sales commissions	· ·		(57,045)
(Increase) in other assets (116,890) (68,430) (Decrease) increase in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (663,910) 161,195 Increase in payables 682,703 70,085 (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (8,816) (11,185 Increase in accrued compensation and benefits 225,571 201,417 Net cash provided by operating activities 765,474 448,235 Cash flows from investing activities: - (10 Proceeds from sales of investments - (10 Proceeds from sales of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements (11,458) (14,02) Proceeds from sales of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements (11,458) (13,03) Net cash used in investing activities: - 33 Cash flows from financing activities: - 33,30 <			1,923
Cocrease increase in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net 663,910 161,193 161,193 162,003 70,083 70,0	(Increase) in other assets	(116,890)	(68,430)
Contrase in payables	(Decrease) increase in other assets and liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net	·	161,195
Contrase in accounts payable and accound expenses (8,816) (11,188)			70,082
Increase in accrued compensation and benefits 225,571 201,417 201,41			(11,189)
Net cash provided by operating activities 765,474 448,233 Cash flows from investing activities: (1) Purchases of investments — (1) Proceeds from sales of invistments — (1) Purchases of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements — 3 Proceeds from sales of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements — 3 Net cash used in investing activities — 3 Cash flows from financing activities: — 3 Uses and (repayment) of commercial paper, net 20,058 (33,70) (Repayment) proceeds of bank loans 75,000 30,000 (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable 28,952 68,500 (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (28,952) 68,500 (Bedemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (515,856) (72,73 (Capital contributions to one-controlling interests in consolidated entities — (1,860 Purchase of non-controlling interest — (1,860 Capital contributions to affiliates — (1,860 Capital contributions			
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of investments — (1: Proceeds from sales of investments — (1: Proceeds from sales of investments — (1: A) (1: A) (2: A) <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	•		
Purchases of investments — (17) Proceeds from sales of investments — 10 Purchases of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements (11,458) (14,022) Proceeds from sales of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements — 33 Net cash used in investing activities (11,458) (13,985) Cash flows from financing activities: — 33,705 Usuance (repayment) of commercial paper, net 20,058 (33,705) (Repayment) proceeds of bank loans (75,000) 30,000 (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (28,952) 68,504 Distributions to General Partner and Unitholders (466,522) (339,135) (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (515,856) (72,732) Capital contributions to non-controlling interests in consolidated entities — (1,832) Purchase of non-controlling interests in consolidated entities — (1,832) Capital contributions to affiliates — (1,832) Capital contributions to affiliates — (1,832) Capital contributions to affiliates	reactive processing and the second se		
Proceeds from sales of investments — 1 1 Purchases of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements (11,458) (14,02) Proceeds from sales of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements — 33 Net cash used in investing activities (11,458) (13,98) Cash flows from financing activities — 33 Usuance (repayment) of commercial paper, net 20,058 (33,70) (Repayment) proceeds of bank loans (75,000) 30,000 (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (28,952) 68,50 Distributions to General Partner and Unitholders (466,522) (339,13) (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (515,856) (72,73) Capital contributions to non-controlling interests in consolidated entities — (1,83) Capital contributions to affiliates — (1,83	Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements	Purchases of investments	_	(11)
Proceeds from sales of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements Net cash used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Issuance (repayment) of commercial paper, net (Repayment) proceeds of bank loans (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (Capital contributions to non-controlling interests in consolidated entities (Purchase of non-controlling interest (Additional investments by AB Holding with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units (Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (Purchases of AB Units (Purc	Proceeds from sales of investments	_	10
Net cash used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Issuance (repayment) of commercial paper, net (Repayment) proceeds of bank loans (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (Distributions to General Partner and Unitholders (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (Dajital contributions to non-controlling interests in consolidated entities (Dajital contributions to affiliates (Daj	Purchases of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements	(11,458)	(14,023)
Cash flows from financing activities: Issuance (repayment) of commercial paper, net (Repayment) proceeds of bank loans (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (Distributions to General Partner and Unitholders (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (Distributions to General Partner and Unitholders (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (Distributions to non-controlling interests in consolidated entities (Distributions to non-co	Proceeds from sales of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements	_	39
Issuance (repayment) of commercial paper, net 20,058 (33,705 (Repayment) proceeds of bank loans (75,000) 30,000 (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (28,952) 68,504 (Distributions to General Partner and Unitholders (466,522) (339,138 (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (515,856) (72,732 (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20	Net cash used in investing activities	(11,458)	(13,985)
Issuance (repayment) of commercial paper, net 20,058 (33,705 (Repayment) proceeds of bank loans (75,000) 30,000 (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (28,952) 68,504 (Distributions to General Partner and Unitholders (466,522) (339,138 (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (515,856) (72,732 (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20			
(Repayment) proceeds of bank loans (Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (Decerease) increase in overdrafts payable (Decerease) increase in overdrafts payable (Decerease) increase		20.050	(00.500)
(Decrease) increase in overdrafts payable (Decrease) increase in overdrafts (Decreas			
Distributions to General Partner and Unitholders (Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (S15,856) (72,732) (Capital contributions to non-controlling interests in consolidated entities — (7,865) (Purchase of non-controlling interest — (1,832) (Capital contributions to affiliates — (1,178) (280) (Additional investments by AB Holding with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units (34,864) (127,472) (Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (105) (684)		, ,	
(Redemptions) of investments in consolidated company-sponsored investment funds, net (S15,856) (72,732) Capital contributions to non-controlling interests in consolidated entities — (7,866) Purchase of non-controlling interest — (1,832) Capital contributions to affiliates — (1,178) (286) Additional investments by AB Holding with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units — 8,340 9,246 Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (34,864) (127,472) Purchases of AB Units — (105) (684)			
Capital contributions to non-controlling interests in consolidated entities — (7,865) Purchase of non-controlling interest — (1,835) Capital contributions to affiliates — (1,178) (286) Additional investments by AB Holding with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units — 8,340 9,246 Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (34,864) (127,472) Purchases of AB Units — (105) (684)		·	
Purchase of non-controlling interest — (1,833) Capital contributions to affiliates (1,178) (280) Additional investments by AB Holding with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units 8,340 9,240 Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (34,864) (127,472) Purchases of AB Units (105) (684)		(515,856)	
Capital contributions to affiliates (1,178) (280) Additional investments by AB Holding with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units 8,340 9,240 Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (34,864) (127,472 Purchases of AB Units (105) (684)	•	_	(7,869)
Additional investments by AB Holding with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units 8,340 9,246 Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (34,864) (127,472 Purchases of AB Units		_	(1,833)
Units 8,340 9,246 Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (34,864) (127,472 Purchases of AB Units (105)	· ·	(1,178)	(280)
Purchases of AB Holding Units to fund long-term incentive compensation plan awards, net (34,864) (127,472 Purchases of AB Units (105) (684)	Additional investments by AB Holding with proceeds from exercise of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units	8,340	9,246
Purchases of AB Units (105) (684			(127,472)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	(684)
Outer 105 (80)	Other	105	(807)

Net cash used in financing activities	 (1,093,974)	(476,775)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(6,039)	11,179
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(345,997)	(31,342)
Cash and cash equivalents as of beginning of the period	998,448	994,510
Cash and cash equivalents as of end of the period	\$ 652,451	\$ 963,168

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2018

(unaudited)

The words "we" and "our" refer collectively to AllianceBernstein L.P. and its subsidiaries ("AB"), or to their officers and employees. Similarly, the word "company" refers to AB. These statements should be read in conjunction with AB's audited consolidated financial statements included in AB's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

1. Business Description Organization and Basis of Presentation

Business Description

We provide research, diversified investment management and related services globally to a broad range of clients. Our principal services include:

- Institutional Services servicing our institutional clients, including private and public pension plans, foundations and endowments, insurance
 companies, central banks and governments worldwide, and affiliates such as AXA S.A. ("AXA"), AXA Equitable Holdings, Inc. ("EQH") and their
 respective subsidiaries, by means of separately-managed accounts, sub-advisory relationships, structured products, collective investment trusts,
 mutual funds, hedge funds and other investment vehicles.
- Retail Services servicing our retail clients, primarily by means of retail mutual funds sponsored by AB or an affiliated company, sub-advisory relationships with mutual funds sponsored by third parties, separately-managed account programs sponsored by financial intermediaries worldwide and other investment vehicles.
- Private Wealth Management Services servicing our private clients, including high-net-worth individuals and families, trusts and estates, charitable foundations, partnerships, private and family corporations, and other entities, by means of separately-managed accounts, hedge funds, mutual funds and other investment vehicles.
- Bernstein Research Services servicing institutional investors, such as pension fund, hedge fund and mutual fund managers, seeking high-quality fundamental research, quantitative services and brokerage-related services in equities and listed options.

We also provide distribution, shareholder servicing, transfer agency services and administrative services to the mutual funds we sponsor.

Our high-quality, in-depth research is the foundation of our business. Our research disciplines include economic, fundamental equity, fixed income and quantitative research. In addition, we have experts focused on multi-asset strategies, wealth management and alternative investments.

We provide a broad range of investment services with expertise in:

- Actively-managed equity strategies, with global and regional portfolios across capitalization ranges, concentration ranges and investment strategies, including value, growth and core equities;
- Actively-managed traditional and unconstrained fixed income strategies, including taxable and tax-exempt strategies;
- Passive management, including index and enhanced index strategies;
- Alternative investments, including hedge funds, fund of funds and private equity (e.g., direct real estate investing and direct lending); and
- Multi-asset solutions and services, including dynamic asset allocation, customized target-date funds and target-risk funds.

Our services span various investment disciplines, including market capitalization (*e.g.*, large-, mid- and small-cap equities), term (*e.g.*, long-, intermediate- and short-duration debt securities), and geographic location (*e.g.*, U.S., international, global, emerging markets, regional and local), in major markets around the world.

Organization

During 2017, AXA, a French holding company for the AXA Group, a worldwide leader in life, property and casualty and health insurance and asset management, announced its intention to pursue the sale of a minority stake in EQH, the holding company for a diversified financial services organization, through an initial public offering ("IPO"). During the second quarter of 2018, EQH completed the IPO, and as a result AXA owns approximately 71.9% of the outstanding common stock of EQH as of June 30, 2018. AXA has announced its intention to sell its entire interest in EQH over time, subject to market conditions and other factors. AXA is under no obligation to do so and retains the sole discretion to determine the timing of any future sales of shares of EQH common stock.

As of June 30, 2018, EQH owns approximately 3.8% of the issued and outstanding units representing assignments of beneficial ownership of limited partnership interests in AllianceBernstein Holding L.P. ("AB Holding Units"). AllianceBernstein Corporation (an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of EQH, "General Partner") is the general partner of both AllianceBernstein Holding L.P. ("AB Holding") and AB. AllianceBernstein Corporation owns 100,000 general partnership units in AB Holding and a 1% general partnership interest in AB.

As of June 30, 2018, the ownership structure of AB, including limited partnership units outstanding as well as the general partner's 1% interest, is as follows:

EQH and its subsidiaries	63.3%
AB Holding	35.9
Unaffiliated holders	0.8
	100.0%

Including both the general partnership and limited partnership interests in AB Holding and AB, EQH and its subsidiaries had an approximate 64.7% economic interest in AB as of June 30, 2018.

Basis of Presentation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of the interim results, have been made. The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the interim reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The condensed consolidated statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2017 was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include AB and its majority-owned and/or controlled subsidiaries, and the consolidated entities that are considered to be variable interest entities ("VIEs") and voting interest entities ("VOEs") in which AB has a controlling financial interest. Non-controlling interests on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition include the portion of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds in which we do not have direct equity ownership. All significant inter-company transactions and balances among the consolidated entities have been eliminated.

Reclassification

During 2018, prior period amounts for payments to financial intermediaries for administrative services, sub-accounting services and maintenance of books and records for certain funds previously presented as distribution-related payments are now presented as trade execution, marketing, T&E and other expenses in the condensed consolidated statements of income to conform to the current period's presentation.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which outlines a single comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers and supersedes most of the existing revenue recognition requirements. We adopted this new standard on January 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis for contracts that were not completed as of the date of adoption.

The new standard did not change the timing of revenue recognition for our base fees, distribution revenues, shareholder servicing fees and broker-dealer revenues. However, performance-based fees, which, prior to the adoption of ASC 606, were recognized at the end of the applicable measurement period when no risk of reversal remained, and carried-interest distributions received (considered performance-based fees), recorded as deferred revenues until no risk of reversal remained, may in certain instances be recognized earlier under the new standard, if it is probable that significant reversal of performance-based fees recognized will not occur.

On January 1, 2018, we recorded a cumulative effect adjustment, net of tax, of a \$35.0 million increase to partners' capital in the condensed consolidated statement of financial condition. This amount represents carried-interest distributions of \$77.9 million previously received, net of revenue sharing payments to investment team-members of \$42.7 million, with respect to which it is probable that significant reversal will not occur.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, *Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. The amendment addresses certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments. We adopted this standard on January 1, 2018. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)*. The amendment is intended to reduce diversity in practice in how certain transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows. We adopted this standard on January 1, 2018. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash.* The new standard requires that the statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. Companies are also required to reconcile such total amounts in the balance sheet and disclose the nature of the restrictions. We adopted this standard on January 1, 2018. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-07, *Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost*. The amendment requires that an employer disaggregate the service cost component from the other components of net benefit costs on the income statement. We adopted this standard on January 1, 2018. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, *Compensation - Stock Compensation, Scope of Modification Accounting.* The amendment provides clarity and reduces both diversity in practice and cost and complexity when applying the guidance in Topic 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation, to a change to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award. We adopted this standard on January 1, 2018. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. The amendment requires recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial condition and disclosure of key information about leasing arrangements. Specifically, this guidance requires an operating lease lessee to recognize on the statement of financial condition a liability to make lease payments and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. However, for leases with a term of twelve months or less, a lessee is permitted to make an accounting policy election not to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities. The amendment is effective for fiscal years (and interim periods within those years) beginning after December 15, 2018 and requires lessees to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial

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statements using a modified retrospective approach. Management currently is evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, *Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. The guidance removes Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test, which requires a hypothetical purchase price allocation. As a result of the revised guidance, a goodwill impairment will be the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. The revised guidance will be applied prospectively, and is effective in 2020. The revised guidance is not expected to have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, *Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*, which permits a company to reclassify the disproportionate income tax effects of the 2017 Tax Cuts and Job Act ("2017 Tax Act") on items within Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI") to retained earnings. The FASB refers to these amounts as "stranded tax effects." The ASU also requires certain new disclosures, some of which are applicable for all companies. The guidance is effective for all companies for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Companies may adopt the new guidance using one of two transition methods: (1) retrospective to each period (or periods) in which the income tax effect of the 2017 Tax Act related to items remaining in AOCI are recognized, or (2) at the beginning of the period of adoption. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

Revenue Recognition

Investment advisory and services fees

AB provides asset management services by managing customer assets and seeking to deliver investment returns to investors. Each investment management contract between AB and a customer creates a distinct, separately identifiable performance obligation for each day the customer's assets are managed as the customer can benefit from each day of service. In accordance with ASC 606, a series of distinct goods and services that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer are treated as a single performance obligation. Accordingly, we have determined that our investment and advisory services are performed over time and entitle us to variable consideration earned based upon the value of the investors' assets under management ("AUM").

We calculate AUM using established market-based valuation methods and fair valuation (non-observable market) methods. Market-based valuation methods include: last sale/settle prices from an exchange for actively-traded listed equities, options and futures; evaluated bid prices from recognized pricing vendors for fixed income, asset-backed or mortgage-backed issues; mid prices from recognized pricing vendors and brokers for credit default swaps; and quoted bids or spreads from pricing vendors and brokers for other derivative products. Fair valuation methods include: discounted cash flow models, evaluation of assets versus liabilities or any other methodology that is validated and approved by our Valuation Committee (see paragraph immediately below for additional information about our Valuation Committee). Fair valuation methods are used only where AUM cannot be valued using market-based valuation methods, such as in the case of private equity or illiquid securities.

The Valuation Committee, which consists of senior officers and employees, is responsible for overseeing the pricing and valuation of all investments held in client and AB portfolios. The Valuation Committee has adopted a Statement of Pricing Policies describing principles and policies that apply to pricing and valuing investments held in these portfolios. We also have a Pricing Group, which reports to the Valuation Committee, and is responsible for overseeing the pricing process for all investments.

We record as revenue investment advisory and services base fees, which we generally calculate as a percentage of AUM. At month-end, all the components of the transaction price (*i.e.*, the base fee calculation) are no longer variable and the value of the consideration is determined. These fees are not subject to claw back and there is minimal probability that a significant reversal of the revenue recorded will occur.

The transaction price for the asset management performance obligation for certain investment advisory contracts, including those associated with hedge funds or other alternative investments, provide for a performance-based fee (including carried interest), in addition to a base advisory fee, which is calculated as either a percentage of absolute investment results or a percentage of investment results in-excess-of a stated benchmark over a specified period-of-time. The performance-based fees are forms of variable consideration and are therefore excluded from the transaction price until it becomes probable that there will not be significant reversal of the cumulative revenue recognized. At each reporting date, we evaluate the constraining factors, discussed below, surrounding the variable consideration to determine the extent to which, if any, that revenues associated with the performance-based fee can be recognized.

Constraining factors impacting the amount of variable consideration included in the transaction price include: the contractual claw-back provisions to which the variable consideration is subject, the length of time to which the uncertainty of the consideration is subject, the number and range of possible consideration amounts, the probability of significant fluctuations in the fund's market value, the level at which the fund's value exceeds the contractual threshold required to earn such a fee, and the materiality of the amount being evaluated.

Prior to the adoption of ASC 606 on January 1, 2018, we recognized performance-based fees at the end of the applicable measurement period when no risk of reversal remained, and carried-interest distributions received as deferred revenues until no risk of reversal remained.

Bernstein Research Services

Bernstein Research Services revenue consists principally of commissions received for trade execution services and providing equity research services to institutional clients. Brokerage commissions for trade execution services and related expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis when the performance obligations are satisfied. Generally, the transaction price is agreed upon at the point of each trade and based upon the number of shares traded or the value of the consideration traded. Research revenues are recognized when the transaction price is quantified, collectability is assured and significant reversal of such revenue is not probable.

Distribution Revenues

Two of our subsidiaries act as distributors and/or placement agents of company-sponsored mutual funds and receive distribution services fees from certain of those funds as partial reimbursement of the distribution expenses they incur. Depending upon the contractual arrangements with the customer and the specific product sold, the variable consideration can be determined in different ways, *as discussed below*, as we satisfy the performance obligation.

Most open-end U.S. funds have adopted a plan under Rule 12b-1 of the Investment Company Act that allows the fund to pay, out of assets of the fund, distribution and service fees for the distribution and sale of its shares ("Rule 12b-1 Fees"). The open-end U.S. funds have such agreements with us, and we have selling and distribution agreements pursuant to which we pay sales commissions to the financial intermediaries that distribute our open-end U.S. funds. These agreements are terminable by either party upon notice (generally 30 days) and do not obligate the financial intermediary to sell any specific amount of fund shares.

We record 12b-1 fees monthly based upon a percentage of the net asset value ("NAV") of the funds. At month-end, the variable consideration of the transaction price is no longer constrained as the NAV can be calculated and the value of consideration is determined. These services are separate and distinct from other asset management services as the customer can benefit from these services independently of other services. We accrue the corresponding 12b-1 fees paid to sub-distributors monthly as the expenses are incurred. We are acting in a principal capacity in these transactions; as such, these revenues and expenses are recorded on a gross basis.

We offer back-end load shares in limited instances and charge the investor a contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") if the investment is redeemed within a certain period. The variable consideration for these contracts is contingent upon the timing of the redemption by the investor and the value of the sale proceeds. Due to these constraining factors, we exclude the CDSC fee from the transaction price until the investor redeems the investment. Upon redemption, the cash consideration received for these contractual arrangements are recorded as reductions of unamortized deferred sales commissions.

Our Luxembourg subsidiary, the management company for most of our non-U.S. funds, earns a management fee which is accrued daily and paid monthly, at an annual rate, based on the average daily net assets of the fund. With respect to certain share classes, the management fee may also contain a component that is paid to distributors and other financial intermediaries and service providers to cover shareholder servicing and other administrative expenses (also referred to as an All-in-Fee). As we have concluded that asset management is distinct from distribution, we allocate a portion of the investment and advisory fee to distribution revenues for the servicing component based on standalone selling prices.

Other Revenues

Revenues from contracts with customers include a portion of other revenues, which consists primarily of shareholder servicing fees, as well as mutual fund reimbursements and other brokerage income.

We provide shareholder services, which include transfer agency, administrative and recordkeeping services provided to company-sponsored mutual funds. The consideration for these services is based on a percentage of the NAV of the fund or a fixed-fee based on the number of shareholder accounts being serviced. The revenues are recorded at month-end when the constraining factors involved with determining NAV or the number of shareholders' accounts are resolved.

Non-Contractual Revenues

Dividend and interest income is accrued as earned. Investment gains and losses on the condensed consolidated statements of income include unrealized gains and losses of trading and private equity investments stated at fair value, equity in earnings of our limited partnership hedge fund investments, and realized gains and losses on investments sold.

Contract Assets and Liabilities

We use the practical expedient for contracts that have an original duration of one year or less. Accordingly, we do not consider the time value of money and, instead, accrue the incremental costs of obtaining the contract when incurred. As of June 30, 2018, the balances of contract assets and contract liabilities are not considered material and, accordingly, no further disclosures are necessary.

3. Revenue Recognition

See Note 2, Significant Accounting Policies, Revenue Recognition, for descriptions of revenues presented in the table below. The adoption of ASC 606 had no significant impact on revenue recognition during the first six months of 2018. Revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 consisted of the following:

	Three Months	End	led June 30,		Six Months I	l June 30,	
	2018		2017		2018		2017
			(in the	usaı	nds)		
Subject to contracts with customers:							
Investment advisory and services fees							
Base fees	\$ 561,572	\$	516,485	\$	1,128,910	\$	1,008,661
Performance-based fees	35,298		14,678		41,558		20,792
Bernstein research services	106,211		109,470		220,611		222,211
Distribution revenues							
All-in-management fees	64,329		58,624		131,077		113,143
12b-1 fees	22,075		23,688		44,609		48,478
Other	18,714		17,837		37,436		35,082
Other revenues							
Shareholder servicing fees	18,985		18,549		38,515		36,513
Other	5,384		3,994		11,012		7,946
	 832,568		763,325		1,653,728		1,492,826
Not subject to contracts with customers:							
Dividend and interest income, net of interest expense	9,062		13,153		27,737		22,919
Investment gains (losses)	213		24,113		26,295		49,314
Other revenues	2,895		1,722		4,765		2,171
	12,170		38,988		58,797		74,404
Total net revenues	\$ 844,738	\$	802,313	\$	1,712,525	\$	1,567,230

4. Long-term Incentive Compensation Plans

We maintain several unfunded, non-qualified long-term incentive compensation plans, under which we grant annual awards to employees, generally in the fourth quarter, and to members of the Board of Directors of the General Partner, who are not employed by our company or by any of our affiliates ("Eligible Directors").

We fund our restricted AB Holding Unit awards either by purchasing AB Holding Units on the open market or purchasing newly-issued AB Holding Units from AB Holding, and then keeping all of these AB Holding Units in a consolidated rabbi

trust until delivering them or retiring them. In accordance with the Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of AB ("AB Partnership Agreement"), when AB purchases newly-issued AB Holding Units from AB Holding, AB Holding is required to use the proceeds it receives from AB to purchase the equivalent number of newly-issued AB Units, thus increasing its percentage ownership interest in AB. AB Holding Units held in the consolidated rabbi trust are corporate assets in the name of the trust and are available to the general creditors of AB.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we purchased approximately 1.2 million and 1.2 million AB Holding Units for \$32.9 million and \$35.2 million, respectively (on a trade date basis). These amounts reflect open-market purchases of 1.2 million AB Holding Units for \$32.9 million during the second quarter of 2018 with the remainder relating to purchases of AB Holding Units from employees to allow them to fulfill statutory tax withholding requirements at the time of delivery of long-term incentive compensation awards. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we purchased 4.3 million and 5.7 million AB Holding Units for \$96.7 million and \$127.8 million, respectively (on a trade date basis). These amounts reflect open-market purchases of 3.7 million and 4.9 million AB Holding Units for \$82.4 million and \$110.3 million, respectively, with the remainder relating to purchases of AB Holding Units from employees to allow them to fulfill statutory tax withholding requirements at the time of delivery of long-term incentive compensation awards. Purchases of AB Holding Units reflected on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows are net of AB Holding Unit purchases by employees as part of a distribution reinvestment election.

Each quarter, we consider whether to implement a plan to repurchase AB Holding Units pursuant to Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Exchange Act. A plan of this type allows a company to repurchase its shares at times when it otherwise might be prevented from doing so because of self-imposed trading blackout periods or because it possesses material non-public information. Each broker we select has the authority under the terms and limitations specified in the plan to repurchase AB Holding Units on our behalf in accordance with the terms of the plan. Repurchases are subject to regulations promulgated by the SEC as well as certain price, market volume and timing constraints specified in the plan. The plan adopted during the second quarter of 2018 expired at the close of business on July 25, 2018. We may adopt additional plans in the future to engage in open-market purchases of AB Holding Units to help fund anticipated obligations under our incentive compensation award program and for other corporate purposes.

During the first six months of 2018 and 2017, we granted to employees and Eligible Directors 2.4 million and 2.0 million restricted AB Holding Unit awards. We used AB Holding Units repurchased during the periods and newly-issued AB Holding Units to fund these awards.

During each of the first six months of 2018 and 2017, AB Holding issued 0.5 million AB Holding Units upon exercise of options to buy AB Holding Units. AB Holding used the proceeds of \$8.3 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, received from employees as payment in cash for the exercise price to purchase the equivalent number of newly-issued AB Units.

5. Real Estate Charges

Since 2010, we have sub-leased over one million square feet of office space. The activity in the liability account relating to our global space consolidation initiatives for the following periods is:

		x Months Ended June 30, 2018	Dec	welve Months Ended ember 31, 2017				
	(in thous							
Balance as of beginning of period	\$	113,635	\$	112,932				
Expense incurred		6,645		28,507				
Deferred rent		_		7,083				
Payments made		(24,924)		(39,122)				
Interest accretion		2,178		4,235				
Balance as of end of period	\$	97,534	\$	113,635				

6. Net Income per Unit

Basic net income per unit is derived by reducing net income for the 1% general partnership interest and dividing the remaining 99% by the basic weighted average number of limited partnership units outstanding for each period. Diluted net income per unit is derived by reducing net income for the 1% general partnership interest and dividing the remaining 99% by the total of the diluted weighted average number of limited partnership units outstanding for each period.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months	Ended June 30,		
		2018	18 2017			2018		2017	
			(in tl	nousands, excep	ot per	unit amounts)		
Net income attributable to AB Unitholders	\$	181,665	\$	135,103	\$	365,861	\$	275,040	
Weighted average limited partnership units outstanding – basic		270,564		268,302		269,870		268,391	
Dilutive effect of compensatory options to buy AB Holding Units		272		430		303		482	
Weighted average limited partnership units outstanding – diluted		270,836		268,732		270,173		268,873	
Basic net income per AB Unit	\$	0.66	\$	0.50	\$	1.34	\$	1.01	
Diluted net income per AB Unit	\$	0.66	\$	0.50	\$	1.34	\$	1.01	

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we excluded 850,155 options and 1,211,906 options, respectively, from the diluted net income computation due to their anti-dilutive effect. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we excluded 2,507,179 options and 2,452,633 options, respectively, from the diluted net income computation due to their anti-dilutive effect.

7. Cash Distributions

AB is required to distribute all of its Available Cash Flow, as defined in the AB Partnership Agreement, to its Unitholders and to the General Partner. Available Cash Flow can be summarized as the cash flow received by AB from operations minus such amounts as the General Partner determines, in its sole discretion, should be retained by AB for use in its business, or plus such amounts as the General Partner determines, in its sole discretion, should be released from previously retained cash flow.

Typically, Available Cash Flow has been the adjusted diluted net income per unit for the quarter multiplied by the number of general and limited partnership interests at the end of the quarter. In future periods, management anticipates that Available Cash Flow will be based on adjusted diluted net income per unit, unless management determines, with the concurrence of the Board of Directors, that one or more adjustments that are made for adjusted net income should not be made with respect to the Available Cash Flow calculation.

On July 26, 2018, the General Partner declared a distribution of \$0.69 per AB Unit, representing a distribution of Available Cash Flow for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The General Partner, as a result of its 1% general partnership interest, is entitled to receive 1% of each distribution. The distribution is payable on August 23, 2018 to holders of record on August 6, 2018.

8. Cash and Securities Segregated Under Federal Regulations and Other Requirements

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$1.3 billion and \$0.8 billion, respectively, of U.S. Treasury Bills were segregated in a special reserve bank custody account for the exclusive benefit of our brokerage customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the Exchange Act.

Investments

Investments consist of:

		June 30, 2018	Dec	ember 31, 2017			
	(in thousands)						
U.S. Treasury Bills	\$	47,565	\$	52,609			
Equity securities:							
Long-term incentive compensation-related		42,096		51,758			
Seed capital		119,333		160,672			
Other		92,996		81,154			
Exchange-traded options		8,233		4,981			
Investments in limited partnership hedge funds:							
Long-term incentive compensation-related		14,935		14,276			
Seed capital		123,281		22,923			
Private equity (seed capital)		36,967		38,186			
Time deposits		8,793		5,138			
Other		11,438		11,892			
Total investments	\$	505,637	\$	443,589			

Total investments related to long-term incentive compensation obligations of \$57.0 million and \$66.0 million as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, consist of company-sponsored mutual funds and hedge funds. For long-term incentive compensation awards granted before 2009, we typically made investments in company-sponsored mutual funds and hedge funds that were notionally elected by plan participants and maintained them (and continue to maintain them) in a consolidated rabbi trust or separate custodial account. The rabbi trust and custodial account enable us to hold such investments separate from our other assets for the purpose of settling our obligations to participants. The investments held in the rabbi trust and custodial account remain available to the general creditors of AB.

The underlying investments of the hedge funds in which we invest include long and short positions in equity securities, fixed income securities (including various agency and non-agency asset-based securities), currencies, commodities and derivatives (including various swaps and forward contracts). These investments are valued at quoted market prices or, where quoted market prices are not available, are fair valued based on the pricing policies and procedures of the underlying funds.

U.S. Treasury Bills, the majority of which are pledged as collateral with clearing organizations, are held in our investment account. These clearing organizations have the ability by contract or custom to sell or re-pledge this collateral.

We allocate seed capital to our investment teams to help develop new products and services for our clients. A portion of our seed capital investments are equity and fixed income products, primarily in the form of separately-managed account portfolios, U.S. mutual funds, Luxembourg funds, Japanese investment trust management funds or Delaware business trusts. We also may allocate seed capital to investments in private equity funds, such as a third-party venture capital fund that invests in communications, consumer, digital media, healthcare and information technology markets. In regard to our seed capital investments, the amounts above reflect those funds in which we are not the primary beneficiary of a VIE or hold a controlling financial interest in a VOE. During the second quarter of 2018, our seed capital in limited partnership hedge funds increased \$100.4 million primarily due to the deconsolidation of a fund in which we have a seed investment of approximately \$100 million due to no longer having a controlling financial interest. *See Note 14, Consolidated Company-Sponsored Investment Funds*, for a description of the seed capital investments that we consolidate. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, our total seed capital investments were \$501.9 million and \$523.2 million, respectively. Seed capital investments in unconsolidated company-sponsored investment funds are valued using published net asset values or non-published net asset values if they are not listed on an active exchange but have net asset values that are comparable to funds with published net asset values and have no redemption restrictions.

In addition, we also have long positions in corporate equities and long exchange-traded options traded through our options desk.

The portion of unrealized gains (losses) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 related to equity securities held as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	7	Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,		Six Months E	nded June 30,		
		2018		2017		2018		2017	
				(in thou	sands	s)			
Net (losses) gains recognized during the period	\$	(1,783)	\$	3,401	\$	(3,606)	\$	17,590	
Less: net gains recognized during the period on equity securities sold during the period		382		12,293		1,664		13,701	
Unrealized (losses) gains recognized during the period on equity securities held	\$	(2,165)	\$	(8,892)	\$	(5,270)	\$	3,889	

10. Derivative Instruments

See Note 14, Consolidated Company-Sponsored Investment Funds, for disclosure of derivative instruments held by our consolidated company-sponsored investment funds.

We enter into various futures, forwards, options and swaps to economically hedge certain seed capital investments. Also, we have currency forwards that help us to economically hedge certain balance sheet exposures. In addition, our options desk trades long and short exchange-traded equity options. We do not hold any derivatives designated in a formal hedge relationship under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 815-10, *Derivatives and Hedging*.

The notional value and fair value as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 for derivative instruments (excluding derivative instruments relating to our options desk trading activities *discussed below*) not designated as hedging instruments were as follows:

			Fair Value						
	N	otional Value		Asset Derivatives	Lia	ability Derivatives			
				(in thousands)					
June 30, 2018:									
Exchange-traded futures	\$	155,213	\$	2,105	\$	985			
Currency forwards		105,475		8,558		9,044			
Interest rate swaps		72,056		1,125		1,015			
Credit default swaps		81,760		1,639		2,562			
Total return swaps		126,621		686		946			
Total derivatives	\$	541,125	\$	14,113	\$	14,552			
December 31, 2017:									
Exchange-traded futures	\$	163,458	\$	948	\$	2,540			
Currency forwards		126,503		8,306		8,058			
Interest rate swaps		43,309		951		870			
Credit default swaps		74,600		1,247		2,465			
Total return swaps		68,106		167		390			
Total derivatives	\$	475,976	\$	11,619	\$	14,323			

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the derivative assets and liabilities are included in both receivables and payables to brokers and dealers on our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

The gains and losses for derivative instruments (excluding our options desk trading activities *discussed below*) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 recognized in investment gains (losses) in the condensed consolidated statements of income were as follows:

	Three Months	End	ed June 30,		Six Months E	nded	l June 30,
	 2018	2017		2018		2017	
			(in tho	usan	ıds)		_
Exchange-traded futures	\$ 717	\$	(3,301)	\$	1,542	\$	(8,833)
Currency forwards	257		132		274		(930)
Interest rate swaps	(7)		(151)		267		(248)
Credit default swaps	(169)		(237)		(95)		(909)
Total return swaps	(1,217)		(1,830)		(40)		(3,959)
Net (losses) gains on derivative instruments	\$ (419)	\$	(5,387)	\$	1,948	\$	(14,879)

We may be exposed to credit-related losses in the event of nonperformance by counterparties to derivative financial instruments. We minimize our counterparty exposure through a credit review and approval process. In addition, we have executed various collateral arrangements with counterparties to the over-the-counter derivative transactions that require both pledging and accepting collateral in the form of cash. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we held \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, of cash collateral payable to trade counterparties. This obligation to return cash is reported in payables to brokers and dealers in our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

Although notional amount is the most commonly used measure of volume in the derivative market, it is not used as a measure of credit risk. Generally, the current credit exposure of our derivative contracts is limited to the net positive estimated fair value of derivative contracts at the reporting date after taking into consideration the existence of netting agreements and any collateral received. A derivative with positive value (a derivative asset) indicates existence of credit risk because the counterparty would owe us if the contract were closed. Alternatively, a derivative contract with negative value (a derivative liability) indicates we would owe money to the counterparty if the contract were closed. Generally, if there is more than one derivative transaction with a single counterparty, a master netting arrangement exists with respect to derivative transactions with that counterparty to provide for aggregate net settlement.

Certain of our standardized contracts for over-the-counter derivative transactions ("ISDA Master Agreements") contain credit risk related contingent provisions pertaining to each counterparty's credit rating. In some ISDA Master Agreements, if the counterparty's credit rating, or in some agreements, our assets under management ("AUM"), falls below a specified threshold, either a default or a termination event permitting the counterparty to terminate the ISDA Master Agreement would be triggered. In all agreements that provide for collateralization, various levels of collateralization of net liability positions are applicable, depending on the credit rating of the counterparty. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we delivered \$3.0 million and \$8.8 million, respectively, of cash collateral into brokerage accounts. We report this cash collateral in cash and cash equivalents in our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we held \$8.2 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, of long exchange-traded equity options, which are included in other investments on our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. In addition, as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we held \$18.3 million and \$13.6 million, respectively, of short exchange-traded equity options, which are included in securities sold not yet purchased on our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. Our options desk provides our clients with equity derivative strategies and execution for exchange-traded options on single stocks, exchange-traded funds and indices. While predominately agency-based, the options desk may commit capital to facilitate a client's transaction. Our options desk hedges the risks associated with this activity by taking offsetting positions in equities. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we recognized \$4.7 million and \$8.9 million, respectively, of losses on equity options activity. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we recognized \$5.4 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, of losses on equity options activity. These losses are recognized in investment gains (losses) in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

11. Offsetting Assets and Liabilities

See Note 14, Consolidated Company-Sponsored Investment Funds, for disclosure of offsetting assets and liabilities of our consolidated company-sponsored investment funds.

Offsetting of assets as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	_	oss Amounts Recognized Assets	(Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition		t Amounts of Assets resented in e Statement f Financial Condition		Financial nstruments	Ca	ish Collateral Received	Net Amount
						(in tho	usan	ds)			
<u>June 30, 2018:</u>											
Securities borrowed	\$	72,916	\$	_	\$	72,916	\$	(68,096)	\$	_	\$ 4,820
Derivatives	\$	14,113	\$	_	\$	14,113	\$	_	\$	(250)	\$ 13,863
Long exchange-traded options	\$	8,233	\$	_	\$	8,233	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 8,233
December 31, 2017:											
Securities borrowed	\$	85,371	\$	_	\$	85,371	\$	(82,353)	\$	_	\$ 3,018
Derivatives	\$	11,619	\$	_	\$	11,619	\$	_	\$	(519)	\$ 11,100
Long exchange-traded options	\$	4,981	\$	_	\$	4,981	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 4,981

Offsetting of liabilities as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	of 1	ss Amounts Recognized Liabilities	S	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition		Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition		Financial instruments	Ca	ash Collateral Pledged]	Net Amount
						(in tho	usan	ıds)				
<u>June 30, 2018:</u>												
Securities loaned	\$	85,805	\$	_	\$	85,805	\$	(84,274)	\$	_	\$	1,531
Derivatives	\$	14,552	\$	_	\$	14,552	\$	_	\$	(3,028)	\$	11,524
Short exchange-traded options	\$	18,342	\$	_	\$	18,342	\$	_	\$	_	\$	18,342
<u>December 31, 2017:</u>												
Securities loaned	\$	37,960	\$	_	\$	37,960	\$	(37,922)	\$	_	\$	38
Derivatives	\$	14,323	\$	_	\$	14,323	\$	_	\$	(8,794)	\$	5,529
Short exchange-traded options	\$	13,585	\$	_	\$	13,585	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,585

Cash collateral, whether pledged or received on derivative instruments, is not considered material and, accordingly, is not disclosed by counterparty.

12. Fair Value

See Note 14, Consolidated Company-Sponsored Investment Funds, for disclosure of fair value of our consolidated company-sponsored investment funds.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (*i.e.*, the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The three broad levels of fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets are available for identical assets or liabilities as of the reported date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active or other pricing inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reported date.
- Level 3 Prices or valuation techniques that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable as of the reported date. These financial instruments do not have two-way markets and are measured using management's best estimate of fair value, where the inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Valuation of our financial instruments by pricing observability levels as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows (in thousands):

		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Ex	NAV apedient ⁽¹⁾		Other		Total
<u>June 30, 2018:</u>												
Money markets	\$	85,479	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	85,479
Securities segregated (U.S. Treasury Bills)		_		1,288,867		_		_		_		1,288,867
Derivatives		2,105		12,008		_		_		_		14,113
Investments												
U.S. Treasury Bills		_		47,565		_		_		_		47,565
Equity securities		246,820		7,088		117		400		_		254,425
Long exchange-traded options		8,233		_		_		_		_		8,233
Limited partnership hedge funds ⁽²⁾		_		_		_		_		138,216		138,216
Private equity		_		_		_		36,967		_		36,967
Time deposits ⁽³⁾		_		_		_		_		8,793		8,793
Other investments		_		_		_		_		11,438		11,438
Total investments		255,053		54,653		117		37,367		158,447		505,637
Total assets measured at fair value	\$	342,637	\$	1,355,528	\$	117	\$	37,367	\$	158,447	\$	1,894,096
			_		_				_			
Securities sold not yet purchased												
Short equities – corporate	\$	7,454	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,454
Short exchange-traded options	,	18,342		_	,	_	<u> </u>	_		_		18,342
Derivatives		985		13,567		_		_		_		14,552
Contingent payment arrangements		_				10,960		_		_		10,960
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$	26,781	\$	13,567	\$	10,960	\$	_	\$	_	\$	51,308
	<u> </u>		Ė		<u> </u>		_					
December 31, 2017:												
Money markets	\$	62,071	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	62,071
Securities segregated (U.S. Treasury Bills)	-		•	816,350	•	_	_	_	•	_	_	816,350
Derivatives		948		10,671		_		_		_		11,619
Investments				-,-								,
U.S. Treasury Bills		_		52,609		_		_		_		52,609
Equity securities		276,755		16,618		117		94		_		293,584
Long exchange-traded options		4,981				_		_		_		4,981
Limited partnership hedge funds ⁽²⁾		_		_		_		_		37,199		37,199
Private equity		_		_		954		37,232		_		38,186
Time deposits ⁽³⁾		_		_		_		_		5,138		5,138
Other investments		_		_		_		_		11,892		11,892
Total investments		281,736		69,227	_	1,071		37,326		54,229		443,589
Total assets measured at fair value	\$	344,755	\$	896,248	\$	1,071	\$	37,326	\$	54,229	\$	1,333,629
	_		Ė		Ť	=,=			_	,	Ė	, ,
Securities sold not yet purchased												
Short equities – corporate	Ф	16 27 <i>6</i>	\$		¢		Ф		¢		¢	16 27 <i>6</i>
Short equities – corporate	\$	16,376	Ф	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	16,376

Short exchange-traded options	13,585	_	_	_	_	13,585
Derivatives	2,540	11,783	_	_	_	14,323
Contingent payment arrangements	_	_	10,855	_	_	10,855
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$ 32,501	\$ 11,783	\$ 10,855	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 55,139

- (1) Investments measured at fair value using NAV (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient.
- (2) Investments in equity method investees that are not measured at fair value in accordance with GAAP.
- (3) Investments carried at amortized cost that are not measured at fair value in accordance with GAAP.

One of our private equity investments (measured at fair value using NAV as a practical expedient) is a venture capital fund with a fair value of \$37.0 million and no unfunded commitment as of June 30, 2018. This partnership invests in communications, consumer, digital media, healthcare and information technology markets. The fair value of this investment has been estimated using the capital account balances provided by the partnership. The interest in this partnership cannot be redeemed without specific approval by the general partner.

Other investments include (i) an investment in a start-up company that does not have a readily available fair value (\$4.6 million as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017), (ii) an investment in an equity method investee that is not measured at fair value in accordance with GAAP (\$3.7 million as of June 30, 2018 and \$4.1 million as of December 31, 2017), and (iii) broker dealer exchange memberships (\$3.1 million as of June 30, 2018 and \$3.2 million as of December 31, 2017).

We *provide below* a description of the fair value methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy:

- <u>Money markets</u>: We invest excess cash in various money market funds that are valued based on quoted prices in active markets; these are included in Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.
- <u>Treasury Bills</u>: We hold U.S. Treasury Bills, which are primarily segregated in a special reserve bank custody account as required by Rule 15c3-3 of the Exchange Act. These securities are valued based on quoted yields in secondary markets and are included in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.
- <u>Equity securities</u>: Our equity securities consist principally of company-sponsored mutual funds with NAVs and various separately-managed portfolios consisting primarily of equity and fixed income mutual funds with quoted prices in active markets, which are included in Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. In addition, some securities are valued based on observable inputs from recognized pricing vendors, which are included in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.
- <u>Derivatives</u>: We hold exchange-traded futures with counterparties that are included in Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. In addition, we also hold currency forward contracts, interest rate swaps, credit default swaps, option swaps and total return swaps with counterparties that are valued based on observable inputs from recognized pricing vendors, which are included in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.
- · Options: We hold long exchange-traded options that are included in Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.
- Private equity: Generally, the valuation of private equity investments requires significant management judgment due to the absence of quoted market prices, inherent lack of liquidity and the long-term nature of such investments. Private equity investments are valued initially at cost. The carrying values of private equity investments are adjusted either up or down from cost to reflect expected exit values as evidenced by financing and sale transactions with third parties, or when determination of a valuation adjustment is confirmed through ongoing review in accordance with our valuation policies and procedures. A variety of factors are reviewed and monitored to assess positive and negative changes in valuation, including current operating performance and future expectations of investee companies, industry valuations of comparable public companies, changes in market outlooks, and the third party financing environment over time. In determining valuation adjustments resulting from the investment review process, particular emphasis is placed on current company performance and market conditions. For these reasons, which make the fair value of private equity investments unobservable, equity investments are included in Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy. If private equity investments become publicly traded, they are included in Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy; provided, however, if they contain trading restrictions, publicly-traded equity investments are included in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy until the trading restrictions expire.

- <u>Securities sold not yet purchased</u>: Securities sold not yet purchased, primarily reflecting short positions in equities and exchange-traded options, are included in Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.
- <u>Contingent payment arrangements</u>: Contingent payment arrangements relate to contingent payment liabilities associated with various acquisitions. At each reporting date, we estimate the fair values of the contingent consideration expected to be paid based upon probability-weighted AUM and revenue projections, using unobservable market data inputs, which are included in Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 securities.

The change in carrying value associated with Level 3 financial instruments carried at fair value, classified as private equity and trading equity securities, is as follows:

	7	Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
		2018		2017		2018		2017		
				(in the	usan	ds)				
Balance as of beginning of period	\$	1,071	\$	5,026	\$	1,071	\$	5,023		
Purchases		_		_		_		_		
Sales		_		_		_		_		
Realized gains (losses), net		_		_		_		_		
Unrealized gains (losses), net		(954)		2		(954)		5		
Balance as of end of period	\$	117	\$	5,028	\$	117	\$	5,028		

Transfers into and out of all levels of the fair value hierarchy are reflected at end-of-period fair values. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on Level 3 financial instruments are recorded in investment gains and losses in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

As of December 31, 2017, we had an investment in a private equity fund focused exclusively on the energy sector (fair value of \$1.0 million) that was classified as Level 3 and written off during the second quarter of 2018. This investment's valuation was based on a market approach, considering recent transactions in the fund and the industry.

We acquired Ramius Alternative Solutions LLC in 2016, CPH Capital Fondsmaeglerselskab A/S in 2014 and SunAmerica's alternative investment group in 2010, all of which included contingent consideration arrangements as part of the purchase price. The change in carrying value associated with Level 3 financial instruments carried at fair value, classified as contingent payment arrangements, is as follows:

	T	hree Months	Ende	d June 30,		Six Months I	Ended	June 30,
		2018		2017		2018		2017
				(in tho	usand	s)		
Balance as of beginning of period	\$	10,908	\$	17,177	\$	10,855	\$	17,589
Accretion		52		177		105		355
Payments		_		(577)		_		(1,167)
Balance as of end of period	\$	10,960	\$	16,777	\$	10,960	\$	16,777

During the third quarter of 2017, we made the final contingent consideration payment relating to our 2014 acquisition and recorded a change in estimate and wrote off the remaining contingent consideration payable relating to our 2010 acquisition. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, one acquisition-related contingent liability with a fair value of \$11.0 million and \$10.9 million, respectively, remains relating to our 2016 acquisition, which was valued using a revenue growth rate of 31% and a discount rate ranging from 1.4% to 2.3%.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

We did not have any material assets or liabilities that were measured at fair value for impairment on a nonrecurring basis during the six months ended June 30, 2018 or during the year ended December 31, 2017.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

With respect to all significant litigation matters, we consider the likelihood of a negative outcome. If we determine the likelihood of a negative outcome is probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, we record an estimated loss for the expected outcome of the litigation. If the likelihood of a negative outcome is reasonably possible and we are able to determine an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss in excess of amounts already accrued, if any, we disclose that fact together with the estimate of the possible loss or range of loss. However, it is often difficult to predict the outcome or estimate a possible loss or range of loss because litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, particularly when plaintiffs allege substantial or indeterminate damages. Such is also the case when the litigation is in its early stages or when the litigation is highly complex or broad in scope. In these cases, we disclose that we are unable to predict the outcome or estimate a possible loss or range of loss.

AB may be involved in various matters, including regulatory inquiries, administrative proceedings and litigation, some of which may allege significant damages. It is reasonably possible that we could incur losses pertaining to these matters, but we cannot currently estimate any such losses.

Management, after consultation with legal counsel, currently believes that the outcome of any individual matter that is pending or threatened, or all of them combined, will not have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity. However, any inquiry, proceeding or litigation has an element of uncertainty; management cannot determine whether further developments relating to any individual matter that is pending or threatened, or all of them combined, will have a material adverse effect on our results of operation, financial condition or liquidity in any future reporting period.

14. Consolidated Company-Sponsored Investment Funds

We regularly provide seed capital to new company-sponsored investment funds. As such, we may consolidate or de-consolidate a variety of company-sponsored investment funds each quarter. Due to the similarity of risks related to our involvement with each company-sponsored investment fund, disclosures required under the VIE model are aggregated, such as disclosures regarding the carrying amount and classification of assets.

We are not required to provide financial support to company-sponsored investment funds and only the assets of such funds are available to settle each fund's own liabilities. Our exposure to loss in regard to consolidated company-sponsored investment funds is limited to our investment in, and our management fee earned from, such funds. Equity and debt holders of such funds have no recourse to AB's assets or to the general credit of AB.

The balances of consolidated VIEs and VOEs included in our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition were as follows:

	June 30, 2018						December 31, 2017						
					(in the	ousan	ıds)						
		VIEs		VOEs		Total		VIEs		VOEs		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,881	\$	812	\$	23,693	\$	326,158	\$	360	\$	326,518	
Investments		196,391		105,234		301,625		1,189,835		56,448		1,246,283	
Other assets		6,109		2,069		8,178		33,931		1,466		35,397	
Total assets	\$	225,381	\$	108,115	\$	333,496	\$	1,549,924	\$	58,274	\$	1,608,198	
									_				
Liabilities	\$	5,141	\$	1,831	\$	6,972	\$	695,997	\$	2,104	\$	698,101	
Redeemable non-controlling interest		92,730		10,430		103,160		596,241		(18)		596,223	
Partners' capital attributable to AB Unitholders		126,806		95,854		222,660		256,929		56,188		313,117	
Non-redeemable non- controlling interests in consolidated entities		704		_		704		757		_		757	
Total liabilities, redeemable non-controlling interest and partners' capital	\$	225,381	\$	108,115	\$	333,496	\$	1,549,924	\$	58,274	\$	1,608,198	

During the second quarter of 2018, we deconsolidated a fund in which we have a seed investment of approximately \$100 million due to no longer having a controlling financial interest. This VIE had significant consolidated assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2017.

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Fair Value

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, overnight commercial paper and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Due to the short-term nature of these instruments, the recorded value has been determined to approximate fair value.

Valuation of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds' financial instruments by pricing observability levels as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows (in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		NAV Expedient		Total
<u>June 30, 2018:</u>								
Investments - VIEs	\$ 19,044	\$	171,609	\$	5,738	\$	_	\$ 196,391
Investments - VOEs	53,721		51,380		133		_	105,234
Derivatives - VIEs	289		2,339		_		_	2,628
Derivatives - VOEs	60		796		_		_	856
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 73,114	\$	226,124	\$	5,871	\$	_	\$ 305,109
Derivatives - VIEs	111		2,875		_		_	2,986
Derivatives - VOEs	94		437		_		_	531
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$ 205	\$	3,312	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 3,517
<u>December 31, 2017:</u>								
Investments - VIEs	\$ 1,053,824	\$	133,796	\$	2,205	\$	10	\$ 1,189,835
Investments - VOEs	5,491		50,898		59		_	56,448
Derivatives - VIEs	252		30,384		_		_	30,636
Derivatives - VOEs	49		251		_		_	300
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 1,059,616	\$	215,329	\$	2,264	\$	10	\$ 1,277,219
Short equities - VIEs	\$ 669,258	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 669,258
Derivatives - VIEs	421		21,820		_		_	22,241
Derivatives - VOEs	12		619		_		_	631
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$ 669,691	\$	22,439	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 692,130

See Note 12 for a description of the fair value methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

The change in carrying value associated with Level 3 financial instruments carried at fair value within consolidated company-sponsored investment funds was as follows:

	Three Months	ed June 30,		Six Months En	ndec	ded June 30,	
	 2018	2017		2018		2017	
	 (in thousa				nds)		
Balance as of beginning of period	\$ 5,901	\$	10,273	\$	2,264	\$	5,741
Deconsolidated funds	_		(6,697)		_		(6,697)
Transfers in (out)	337		(336)		324		413
Purchases	2,100		435		6,134		5,012
Sales	(2,290)		(824)		(2,623)		(1,897)
Realized (losses) gains, net	(104)		8		(99)		(4)
Unrealized (losses) gains, net	(75)		(54)		(133)		217
Accrued discounts	2		(8)		4		12
Balance as of end of period	\$ 5,871	\$	2,797	\$	5,871	\$	2,797

The Level 3 securities primarily consist of corporate bonds that are vendor priced with no ratings available, bank loans, non-agency collateralized mortgage obligations and asset-backed securities.

Transfers into and out of all levels of the fair value hierarchy are reflected at end-of-period fair values. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on Level 3 financial instruments are recorded in investment gains and losses in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Derivative Instruments

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the VIEs held \$0.4 million and \$8.4 million (net), respectively, of futures, forwards and swaps within their portfolios. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we recognized \$15.8 million and \$0.9 million of gains, respectively, on these derivatives. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we recognized \$7.8 million and \$15.0 million, respectively, of gains on these derivative positions. These gains and losses are recognized in investment gains (losses) in the condensed consolidated statements of income. As of both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the VIEs held \$0.2 million of cash collateral payable to trade counterparties. This obligation to return cash is reported in the liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds in our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the VIEs delivered \$1.1 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, of cash collateral into brokerage accounts. The VIEs report this cash collateral in the consolidated company-sponsored investment funds cash and cash equivalents in our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

As of both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the VOE held \$0.3 million (net) of futures, forwards, options and swaps within their portfolios. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we recognized \$1.8 million and \$1.3 million of gains, respectively, on these derivatives. These gains and losses are recognized in investment gains (losses) in the condensed consolidated statements of income. As of June 30, 2018, the VOEs held \$0.1 million of cash collateral payable to trade counterparties. This obligation to return cash is reported in the liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds in our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the VOEs held \$0.6 million and \$0.2 million of cash collateral into brokerage accounts. The VOEs report this cash collateral in the consolidated company-sponsored investment funds cash and cash equivalents in our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

Offsetting Assets and Liabilities

Offsetting of derivative assets of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	 oss Amounts Recognized Assets	(ross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition	th	et Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition	1	Financial instruments	Ca	ash Collateral Received	Net Amount
					(in tho	usar	ıds)			
<u>June 30, 2018:</u>										
Derivatives - VIEs	\$ 2,628	\$	_	\$	2,628	\$	_	\$	(240)	\$ 2,388
Derivatives - VOEs	\$ 856	\$	_	\$	856	\$	_	\$	(136)	\$ 720
December 31, 2017:										
Derivatives - VIEs	\$ 30,636	\$	_	\$	30,636	\$	_	\$	(194)	\$ 30,442
Derivatives - VOEs	\$ 300	\$	_	\$	300	\$	_	\$	(37)	\$ 263

Offsetting of derivative liabilities of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	of	oss Amounts Recognized Liabilities	(ross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition	l tl	et Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition]	Financial Instruments	Ca	ish Collateral Pledged	1	Net Amount
						(in tho	usar	nds)				
<u>June 30, 2018:</u>												
Derivatives - VIEs	\$	2,986	\$	_	\$	2,986	\$	_	\$	(1,089)	\$	1,897
Derivatives - VOEs	\$	531	\$	_	\$	531	\$	_	\$	(531)	\$	_
December 31, 2017:												
Derivatives - VIEs	\$	22,241	\$	_	\$	22,241	\$	_	\$	(2,884)	\$	19,357
Derivatives - VOEs	\$	631	\$	_	\$	631	\$	_	\$	(228)	\$	403

Cash collateral, whether pledged or received on derivative instruments, is not considered material and, accordingly, is not disclosed by counterparty.

Non-Consolidated VIEs

As of June 30, 2018, the net assets of company-sponsored investment products that are non-consolidated VIEs are approximately \$47.6 billion, and our maximum risk of loss is our investment of \$6.2 million in these VIEs and our advisory fee receivables from these VIEs, which are not material.

15. Units Outstanding

Changes in AB Units outstanding during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Outstanding as of December 31, 2017	268,659,333
Options exercised	488,513
Units issued	2,471,307
Units retired (1)	(1,396,739)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	270,222,414

⁽¹⁾ Includes 3,750 AB Units purchased in private transactions and retired during the first six months of 2018.

16. Debt

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, AB had \$515.9 million and \$491.8 million, respectively, in commercial paper outstanding with weighted average interest rates of approximately 2.0% and 1.6%, respectively. The commercial paper is short term in nature, and as such, recorded value is estimated to approximate fair value (and considered a Level 2 security in the fair value hierarchy). Average daily borrowings of commercial paper during the first six months of 2018 and the full year 2017 were \$429.3 million and \$482.2 million, respectively, with weighted average interest rates of approximately 1.9% and 1.2%, respectively.

AB has a \$200.0 million, unsecured 364-day senior revolving credit facility (the "Revolver") with a leading international bank and the other lending institutions that may be party thereto, which matures on November 28, 2018. The Revolver is available for AB's and SCB LLC's business purposes, including the provision of additional liquidity to meet funding requirements primarily related to SCB LLC's operations. Both AB and SCB LLC can draw directly under the Revolver and management expects to draw on the Revolver from time to time. AB has agreed to guarantee the obligations of SCB LLC under the Revolver. The Revolver contains affirmative, negative and financial covenants that are identical to those of AB's \$1.0 billion committed, unsecured senior revolving credit facility. As of June 30, 2018, we had no amounts outstanding under the Revolver. As of December 31, 2017, we had \$75.0 million outstanding under the Revolver with an interest rate of 2.4%. Average daily borrowing under the Revolver during the first six months of 2018 and full year 2017 were \$18.0 million and \$21.4 million, respectively, with weighted average interest rates of approximately 2.6% and 2.0%, respectively.

17. Changes in Capital

Changes in capital during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	artners' Capital tributable to AB Unitholders		Non-Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests In Consolidated Entities	Total Capital
			(in thousands)	
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ 4,061,740	\$	1,564	\$ 4,063,304
Comprehensive income:				
Net income	365,861		118	365,979
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(10,611)		(23)	(10,634)
Changes in employee benefit related items	463		_	463
Other	374		_	374
Comprehensive income	356,087		95	356,182
Distributions to General Partner and unitholders	(466,522)		_	(466,522)
Compensation-related transactions	(11,805)		_	(11,805)
Capital contributions to affiliates	(1,178)		_	(1,178)
Impact of adoption of revenue recognition standard ASC 606 and ASU 2016-	0.4.5			0.4.5==
01	34,577	_		 34,577
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 3,972,899	\$	1,659	\$ 3,974,558

Changes in capital during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

		Non-redeemable Non-Controlling	
	Partners' Capital	Interests In	
	Attributable to AB Unitholders	Consolidated Entities	Total Capital
		(in thousands)	
Balance as of December 31, 2016	\$ 4,032,017	\$ 36,172	\$ 4,068,189
Comprehensive income:			
Net income	275,040	9,610	284,650
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:			
Unrealized (losses) on investments	8	_	8
Foreign currency translation adjustments	15,407	949	16,356
Changes in employee benefit related items	456		456
Comprehensive income	290,911	10,559	301,470
Distributions to General Partner and unitholders	(339,139)	_	(339,139)
Compensation-related transactions	(96,889)	_	(96,889)
Capital contributions to affiliates	(280)	_	(280)
Purchase of non-controlling interest	173	(2,006)	(1,833)
Distributions to non-controlling interests of our consolidated venture capital fund	_	(7,868)	(7,868)
Other	(679)	_	(679)
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$ 3,886,114	\$ 36,857	\$ 3,922,971

18. Non-controlling Interests

Non-controlling interest in net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 consisted of the following:

	Three ?	Months	Ende	ed June 30,	S	ix Months E	nde	d June 30,
	2018	}		2017		2018		2017
				(in thous	sands)			
Non-redeemable non-controlling interests:								
Consolidated company-sponsored investment funds	\$	(11)	\$	7,930	\$	(53)	\$	9,415
Other		73		48		171		195
Total non-redeemable non-controlling interests		62		7,978	'	118		9,610
Redeemable non-controlling interests:								
Consolidated company-sponsored investment funds		199		9,191		22,793		23,877
Total non-controlling interest in net income	\$	261	\$	17,169	\$	22,911	\$	33,487

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Non-redeemable non-controlling interest as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 consisted of the following:

	Jı	une 30, 2018	Dece	mber 31, 2017
		(in tho	usands)	_
Consolidated company-sponsored investment funds	\$	704	\$	757
CPH Capital Fondsmaeglerselskab A/S		955		807
Total non-redeemable non-controlling interest	\$	1,659	\$	1,564

Redeemable non-controlling interest as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 consisted of the following:

		June 30, 2018	Dec	cember 31, 2017			
	(in thousands)						
Consolidated company-sponsored investment funds	\$	103,160	\$	596,223			
CPH Capital Fondsmaeglerselskab A/S acquisition		5,364		5,364			
Total redeemable non-controlling interest	\$	108,524	\$	601,587			

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Executive Overview

Our total assets under management ("AUM") as of June 30, 2018 were \$539.8 billion, down \$9.7 billion, or 1.8%, compared to March 31, 2018, and up \$23.2 billion, or 4.5%, compared to June 30, 2017. During the second quarter of 2018, AUM decreased as a result net outflows of \$7.7 billion (Institutional net outflows of \$8.0 billion and \$0.6 billion for Retail, offset by net inflows of \$0.9 billion for Private Wealth Management) and market depreciation of \$2.0 billion. During the twelve months ended June 30, 2018, AUM increased as a results of market appreciation of \$24.6 billion, offset by net outflows of \$1.4 billion (Institutional net outflows of \$6.4 billion, offset by net inflows of \$2.9 billion for Private Wealth Management and \$2.1 billion for Retail).

Institutional AUM decreased \$10.6 billion, or 4.0%, to \$254.4 billion during the second quarter of 2018, due to net outflows of \$8.0 billion and market depreciation of \$2.6 billion. The second quarter's net outflows included a \$7.0 billion low-fee Customized Retirement Strategies ("CRS") redemption in April. Gross sales decreased sequentially from \$14.8 billion during the first quarter of 2018 to \$3.9 billion during the second quarter of 2018, primarily due to \$10.1 billion of CRS fundings in the prior quarter. Redemptions and terminations decreased from \$14.5 billion sequentially to \$9.9 billion.

Retail AUM decreased \$0.7 billion, or 0.4%, to \$190.3 billion during the second quarter of 2018, due to net outflows of \$0.6 billion and market depreciation of \$0.1 billion. Gross sales decreased sequentially from \$14.9 billion during the first quarter of 2018 to \$11.6 billion during the second quarter of 2018, while redemptions and terminations decreased sequentially from \$14.1 billion to \$10.6 billion.

Private Wealth Management AUM increased \$1.6 billion, or 1.7%, to \$95.1 billion during the second quarter of 2018, due to net inflows of \$0.9 billion and market appreciation of \$0.7 billion. Gross sales decreased sequentially from \$4.4 billion during the first quarter of 2018 to \$3.5 billion during the second quarter of 2018, and redemptions and terminations increased sequentially from \$2.6 billion to \$2.8 billion.

Bernstein Research Services revenue for the second quarter of 2018 was \$106.2 million, down \$3.3 million, or 3.0%, compared to the second quarter of 2017, due to lower revenues in the U.S. and Europe due mainly to a volume shift towards lower priced electronic trading, partially offset by higher revenues in Asia and the impact of a weaker U.S. dollar. Global revenues continue to be negatively impacted by fee pressure due to unbundling of research payments from trading commissions.

Net revenues for the second quarter of 2018 increased \$42.4 million, or 5.3%, to \$844.7 million from \$802.3 million in the second quarter of 2017. The most significant contributors to the increase were higher investment advisory base fees of \$45.1 million and higher performance-based fees of \$20.6 million, offset by lower investments gains of \$23.9 million. Operating expenses for the second quarter of 2018 increased \$15.5 million, or 2.4%, to \$655.3 million from \$639.8 million in the second quarter of 2017. The increase primarily was due to higher employee compensation and benefits of \$30.4 million and higher promotion and servicing expenses of \$7.4 million, offset by lower real estate charges of \$13.8 million and lower other general and administrative expenses of \$8.6 million. Our operating income increased \$26.9 million, or 16.6%, to \$189.4 million from \$162.5 million and our operating margin increased to 22.4% in the second quarter of 2018 from 18.1% in the second quarter of 2017.

Market Environment

Market volatility accelerated during the second quarter of 2018, resulting from increasing concerns about global trade wars, the slowing pace of global growth, inflation and more aggressive monetary policy in the U.S. U.S. and global equity markets were mixed, with U.S. markets trading higher while global and emerging markets traded in negative territory. Returns were weak across most bond categories as credit spreads began to increase, though U.S. high yield and municipals were positive; high yield spreads remain below, and investment grade spreads near, their historical averages. The U.S. Federal Reserve, based on strong economic data and low unemployment, increased interest rates in June for the second time in 2018 and signaled two additional rate increases later in the year, as well as three more in 2019. As a result, the U.S. dollar strengthened against the Euro and most other currencies. In Europe, which continues to struggle with disappointing economic data and challenged growth, the European Central Bank confirmed that, although the Bank will end it asset purchases programs in December 2018, the Bank is unlikely to increase interest rates before the third quarter of 2019. In China, the industrial sector slowed and the risk of decreased growth rose as the U.S. and China each imposed tariffs on various goods and services.

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Overall, rising volatility, moderate returns and increased dispersions highlight the importance of security selection, which should bode well for active managers, such as AB, and has led to greater outperformance. And, opportunities remain in various segments of the bond market despite the rising rate environment in which we find ourselves.

MiFID II

The second installment of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive II ("MiFID II"), which became effective January 3, 2018, makes significant modifications to the manner in which European broker-dealers can be compensated for research. These modifications are recognized in the industry as having the potential to significantly decrease the overall research spend by European buy-side firms. Consequently, our U.K.-based broker-dealer is considering new charging mechanisms for its research in order to minimize this impact as part of its broader MiFID II implementation program. It is important to note, however, that our new fee structures and other strategic decisions to address the new environment created by MiFID II may not be successful, which could result in a significant decline in our sell-side revenues.

Also, although MiFID II does permit buy-side firms to purchase research through the use of client-funded research payment accounts, most buy-side firms that operate in the Eurozone, including our U.K. buy-side subsidiaries, have decided to use their own funds to pay for research in the Eurozone. This change in practice will increase our expenses in the Eurozone and, if this practice becomes more pervasive globally, it may have a significant adverse effect on our net income in future periods.

The ultimate impact of MiFID II on payments for research globally currently is uncertain.

AXA Equitable Holdings IPO

During 2017, AXA S.A. ("AXA") announced its intention to pursue the sale of a minority stake in AXA Equitable Holdings, Inc. ("EQH"), the holding company for a diversified financial services organization, through an initial public offering ("IPO"). During the second quarter of 2018, EQH completed the IPO and, as a result, AXA owns approximately 71.9% of the outstanding common stock of EQH as of June 30, 2018. EQH and it subsidiaries have an approximate 64.7% economic interest in AB as of June 30, 2018. AXA has announced its intention to sell its entire interest in EQH over time, subject to market conditions and other factors. AXA is under no obligation to do so and retains the sole discretion to determine the timing of any future sales of shares of EQH common stock.

While we cannot at this time predict the eventual impact, if any, on AB of this transaction, it could include a reduction in the support AXA has provided to AB in the past with respect to AB's investment management business, resulting in a decrease in our revenues and ability to initiate new investment services. Also, AB relies on AXA for a number of significant services and benefits from its affiliation with AXA in certain common vendor relationships. Some of these arrangements are expected to change with possible negative financial implications for AB.

By letter dated March 31, 2018, AXA advised us of their current intention to continue using AB for the foreseeable future as a preferred provider of asset management services and to continue making commercial and seed investments that suit AXA from an investment perspective, in each case (i) consistent with past practice, (ii) subject to investment performance / returns and (iii) subject to applicable fiduciary duties.

Relocation Strategy

On May 2, 2018, we announced that we will establish our corporate headquarters in, and relocate approximately 1,050 jobs currently located in the New York metro area to, Nashville, TN. Our Nashville headquarters will house Finance, IT, Operations, Legal, Compliance, Internal Audit, Human Capital, and Sales and Marketing. We have begun relocating jobs and expect this transition to take several years. We will continue to maintain a principal location in New York City, which will house our Portfolio Management, Sell-Side Research and Trading, and New York-based Private Wealth Management businesses.

We believe relocating our corporate headquarters to Nashville will afford us the opportunity to provide an improved quality of life alternative for our employees and enable us to attract and recruit new talented employees to a highly desirable location while improving the long-term cost structure of the firm.

During the transition period, which has begun in 2018 and is expected to continue through 2024, we currently estimate that we will incur transition costs of approximately \$125 million to \$135 million. These costs include employee relocation, severance, recruitment, and overlapping compensation and occupancy costs. Over this same period, we expect to realize total expense savings of approximately \$150 million to \$160 million, an amount greater than the total transition costs. However, we will incur some transition costs before we begin to realize expense savings. We currently anticipate that the largest reduction in EPU during the transition period will be approximately \$0.04 in 2018. We expect to achieve break-even or possibly a slight increase in EPU in 2021 and then achieve EPU accretion in each year thereafter. Beginning in 2025, once the transition period has been completed,

we estimate ongoing annual expense savings of approximately \$70 million, which will result from a combination of occupancy and compensation-related savings. Our estimates for both the transition costs and the corresponding expense savings are based upon our current assumptions of employee relocation costs, severance and overlapping compensation and occupancy costs. In addition, our estimates for both the timing of when we incur transition costs and realize the related expense savings is based on our current relocation implementation plan and the timing for execution of each phase. The actual total charges we eventually record, the related expense savings we realize and timing of EPU impact are expected to differ from our current estimates as we implement each phase of our headquarters relocation.

Adjusted Operating Margin Target

We have adopted a goal of increasing our adjusted operating margin from 27.7% (which we achieved for 2017) to a target of 30% by 2020 (the "2020 Margin Target"), subject to the assumptions, factors and contingencies discussed below.

Actual results related to this target may vary depending on various factors, including capital market outcomes, the global regulatory environment in which we operate, the performance of our investment services, the net flows experienced by our investment services and the successful management of our costs. Also, the relocation of our corporate headquarters outside of the New York City metropolitan area, which is described *immediately above*, will likely involve substantial transitional costs, including employee relocation, severance, recruitment and duplicative compensation and occupancy costs. If the transitional costs we incur in 2018 through 2020 significantly exceed any cost savings we realize in those years from our relocation strategy, our actual adjusted operating margin for 2020 will be adversely affected and, as a result, we may not reach the 2020 Margin Target.

In setting our 2020 Margin Target, we have made significant assumptions with respect to, among other things:

- · the levels of positive net flows into our investment services;
- the level of growth (in terms of additional AUM) in our alternative products business;
- the rate of increase in our fixed costs due to inflation and similar factors, the transitional costs related to our relocation strategy and the timing of such costs, the success we have in achieving planned new cost reductions (including those relating to our relocation strategy) and the timing of such cost reductions, and the investments we make in our business; and
- general conditions of the markets in which our business operates, including modest appreciation in both equity and fixed income total investment returns.

While our 2020 Margin Target is presented with numerical specificity, and we believe the target to be reasonable as of the date of this report, the uncertainties surrounding the assumptions we discuss above create a significant risk that these assumptions may not be realized. Accordingly, our 2020 Margin Target may not be achieved, particularly if actual events adversely differ from one or more of our key assumptions. The 2020 Margin Target and its underlying assumptions are Forward-Looking Statements and can be affected by any of the factors discussed in "Risk Factors" in our 2017 10-K and "Cautions Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this 10-Q. We strongly caution investors not to place undue reliance on any of these assumptions or our 2020 Margin Target. Except as may be required by applicable securities laws, we are not under any obligation, and we expressly disclaim any obligation, to update or alter any assumptions, estimates, financial goals, targets, projections or other related statements that we may make.

Assets Under Management

Assets under management by distribution channel are as follows:

	As of 3	June	30,		
	 2018		2017	\$ Change	% Change
			(in billions)		
Institutions	\$ 254.4	\$	252.9	\$ 1.5	0.6%
Retail	190.3		177.3	13.0	7.4
Private Wealth Management	95.1		86.4	8.7	10.0
Total	\$ 539.8	\$	516.6	\$ 23.2	4.5

Assets under management by investment service are as follows:

		As of 3	June 30,		
		2018	2017	\$ Change	% Change
			(in billions)		
Equity					
Actively Managed	\$	147.2	\$ 124.5	\$ 22.7	18.3 %
Passively Managed ⁽¹⁾		53.8	50.1	3.7	7.4
Total Equity		201.0	174.6	26.4	15.2
Fixed Income					
Actively Managed					
Taxable		225.9	236.6	(10.7)	(4.5)
Tax–exempt		41.6	39.2	2.4	6.1
		267.5	275.8	(8.3)	(3.0)
Passively Managed ⁽¹⁾		10.1	9.9	0.2	1.5
Total Fixed Income	<u> </u>	277.6	285.7	(8.1)	(2.9)
Other ⁽²⁾					
Actively Managed		60.4	55.8	4.6	8.4
Passively Managed ⁽¹⁾		0.8	0.5	0.3	29.1
Total Other		61.2	56.3	4.9	8.6
Total	\$	539.8	\$ 516.6	\$ 23.2	4.5

⁽¹⁾ Includes index and enhanced index services.

⁽²⁾ Includes certain multi-asset solutions and services and certain alternative investments.

Balance as of June 30, 2018

Changes in assets under management for the three-month, six-month and twelve-month periods ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Distribution Channel											
	Institutions		Retail	1		Total						
	 Institutions		(in bil		Management		Total					
Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$ 265.0	\$	191.0	\$	93.5	\$	549.5					
Long-term flows:												
Sales/new accounts	3.9		11.6		3.5		19.0					
Redemptions/terminations	(9.9)		(10.6)		(2.8)		(23.3)					
Cash flow/unreinvested dividends	(2.0)		(1.6)		0.2		(3.4)					
Net long-term (outflows) inflows	(8.0)		(0.6)		0.9		(7.7)					
Market (depreciation) appreciation	(2.6)		(0.1)		0.7		(2.0)					
Net change	 (10.6)		(0.7)		1.6		(9.7)					
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 254.4	\$	190.3	\$	95.1	\$	539.8					
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ 269.3	\$	192.9	\$	92.3	\$	554.5					
Long-term flows:												
Sales/new accounts	18.7		26.5		8.0		53.2					
Redemptions/terminations	(24.4)		(24.7)		(5.4)		(54.5)					
Cash flow/unreinvested dividends	 (5.1)		(3.7)				(8.8)					
Net long-term (outflows) inflows	(10.8)		(1.9)		2.6		(10.1)					
Market (depreciation) appreciation	 (4.1)		(0.7)		0.2		(4.6)					
Net change	(14.9)		(2.6)		2.8		(14.7)					
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 254.4	\$	190.3	\$	95.1	\$	539.8					
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$ 252.9	\$	177.3	\$	86.4	\$	516.6					
Long-term flows:												
Sales/new accounts	25.5		53.3		13.6		92.4					
Redemptions/terminations	(27.5)		(44.2)		(10.7)		(82.4)					
Cash flow/unreinvested dividends	 (4.4)		(7.0)				(11.4)					
Net long-term (outflows) inflows	(6.4)		2.1		2.9		(1.4)					
Market appreciation	 7.9		10.9		5.8		24.6					
Net change	1.5		13.0		8.7		23.2					

\$

254.4

\$

190.3 \$

95.1 \$

539.8

Investment Service

	Equity Actively Managed		Equity Passively Managed ⁽¹⁾		Fixed Income Actively Managed - Taxable		Fixed Income Actively Managed - Tax- Exempt]	Fixed Income Passively Managed ⁽¹⁾	Other ⁽²⁾	Total
					(in bi	llio	ns)				
Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$ 142.5	\$	52.2	\$	237.0	\$	40.9	\$	10.0	\$ 66.9	\$ 549.5
Long-term flows:											
Sales/new accounts	8.6		1.1		5.2		1.9		_	2.2	19.0
Redemptions/terminations	(5.0)		(0.3)		(8.9)		(1.6)		(0.1)	(7.4)	(23.3)
Cash flow/unreinvested dividends	(0.2)		(0.5)		(2.2)		_		0.3	(0.8)	(3.4)
Net long-term inflows (outflows)	3.4		0.3		(5.9)		0.3		0.2	 (6.0)	(7.7)
Market appreciation (depreciation)	1.3		1.3		(5.2)		0.4		(0.1)	0.3	(2.0)
Net change	4.7		1.6		(11.1)		0.7		0.1	(5.7)	(9.7)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 147.2	\$	53.8	\$	225.9	\$	41.6	\$	10.1	\$ 61.2	\$ 539.8
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ 139.4	\$	54.3	\$	247.9	\$	40.4	\$	9.9	\$ 62.6	\$ 554.5
Long-term flows:											
Sales/new accounts	19.5		1.1		13.7		4.3		_	14.6	53.2
Redemptions/terminations	(11.7)		(0.4)		(24.1)		(3.1)		(0.2)	(15.0)	(54.5)
Cash flow/unreinvested dividends	(1.5)		(1.9)		(5.1)		_		0.4	(0.7)	(8.8)
Net long-term inflows (outflows)	6.3		(1.2)		(15.5)		1.2		0.2	(1.1)	(10.1)
Market appreciation (depreciation)	1.5		0.7		(6.5)		_		_	(0.3)	(4.6)
Net change	7.8		(0.5)		(22.0)		1.2		0.2	(1.4)	(14.7)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 147.2	\$	53.8	\$	225.9	\$	41.6	\$	10.1	\$ 61.2	\$ 539.8

Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$ 124.5	\$ 50.1	\$ 236.6	\$ 39.2	\$ 9.9	\$ 56.3	\$ 516.6
Long-term flows:							
Sales/new accounts	31.3	1.8	33.0	8.0	0.1	18.2	92.4
Redemptions/terminations	(21.5)	(0.6)	(37.6)	(6.0)	(0.5)	(16.2)	(82.4)
Cash flow/unreinvested dividends	(2.6)	(4.1)	(4.2)	_	0.4	(0.9)	(11.4)
Net long-term inflows (outflows)	7.2	(2.9)	(8.8)	2.0		1.1	(1.4)
Market appreciation (depreciation)	15.5	6.6	(1.9)	0.4	0.2	3.8	24.6
Net change	22.7	3.7	(10.7)	2.4	0.2	4.9	23.2
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 147.2	\$ 53.8	\$ 225.9	\$ 41.6	\$ 10.1	\$ 61.2	\$ 539.8

⁽¹⁾ Includes index and enhanced index services.

Net long-term inflows (outflows) for actively managed investment services as compared to passively managed investment services for the three-month, six-month and twelve-month periods ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Periods Ended June 30, 2018										
	Thre	e-months	9	Six-months		velve-months					
			((in billions)							
Actively Managed											
Equity	\$	3.4	\$	6.3	\$	7.2					
Fixed Income		(5.6)		(14.3)		(6.8)					
Other		(6.0)		(1.2)		1.0					
		(8.2)		(9.2)		1.4					
Passively Managed											
Equity		0.3		(1.2)		(2.9)					
Fixed Income		0.2		0.2		_					
Other		_		0.1		0.1					
		0.5		(0.9)		(2.8)					
Total net long-term (outflows)	\$	(7.7)	\$	(10.1)	\$	(1.4)					

⁽²⁾ Includes certain multi-asset solutions and services and certain alternative investments.

Total

Average assets under management by distribution channel and investment service are as follows:

	Th	Three Months Ended June 30,					x Months E	nded	June 30,					
		2018		2017	9	Change	% Change		2018		2017	9	Change	% Change
			(ir	billions)						(ir	billions)			
Distribution Channel:														
Institutions	\$	256.7	\$	248.9	\$	7.8	3.2 %	\$	262.7	\$	246.5	\$	16.2	6.6 %
Retail		191.0		173.4		17.6	10.1		192.7		169.2		23.5	13.9
Private Wealth Management		94.5		85.4		9.1	10.7		94.2		83.9		10.3	12.3
Total	\$	542.2	\$	507.7	\$	34.5	6.8	\$	549.6	\$	499.6	\$	50.0	10.0
Investment Service:										_		_		
Equity Actively Managed	\$	145.4	\$	121.8	\$	23.6	19.3 %	\$	144.4	\$	118.8	\$	25.6	21.6 %
Equity Passively Managed ⁽¹⁾		52.7		49.7		3.0	6.1		53.7		49.2		4.5	9.1
Fixed Income Actively Managed – Taxable		230.6		232.9		(2.3)	(1.0)		236.9		229.6		7.3	3.2
Fixed Income Actively Managed – Tax-exempt		41.1		38.5		2.6	6.8		40.8		37.9		2.9	7.7
Fixed Income Passively Managed ⁽¹⁾		10.0		10.2		(0.2)	(2.5)		10.0		10.6		(0.6)	(5.9)
Other (2)		62.4		54.6		7.8	14.5		63.8		53.5		10.3	19.3

⁽¹⁾ Includes index and enhanced index services.

542.2

507.7

Our Institutional channel second quarter average AUM of \$256.7 billion increased \$7.8 billion, or 3.2%, compared to the second quarter of 2017. Our Institutional AUM increased \$1.5 billion, or 0.6%, to \$254.4 billion over the last twelve months. The \$1.5 billion increase in AUM resulted from market appreciation of \$7.9 billion, offset by net outflows of \$6.4 billion. The \$7.8 billion increase in average AUM (second quarter 2018 compared to second quarter 2017) is significantly higher than the \$1.5 billion increase in period-ending AUM (June 30, 2018 compared to June 30, 2017) due to the timing of net flows during the twelve-month period (\$1.6 billion of net inflows for June 30, 2017 through March 31, 2018 and \$8.0 billion of net outflows in the second quarter of 2018).

6.8

549.6

499.6

50.0

10.0

34.5

Our Retail channel second quarter average AUM of \$191.0 billion increased \$17.6 billion, or 10.1%, compared to the second quarter of 2017, primarily due to our Retail AUM increasing \$13.0 billion, or 7.4%, to \$190.3 billion over the last twelve months. The \$13.0 billion increase in AUM resulted from market appreciation of \$10.9 billion and net inflows of \$2.1 billion.

Our Private Wealth Management channel second quarter average AUM of \$94.5 billion increased \$9.1 billion, or 10.7%, compared to the second quarter of 2017, primarily due to our Private Wealth Management AUM increasing \$8.7 billion, or 10.0%, to \$95.1 billion over the last twelve months. The \$8.7 billion increase in AUM resulted from market appreciation of \$5.8 billion and net inflows of \$2.9 billion.

⁽²⁾ Includes certain multi-asset solutions and services and certain alternative investments.

Absolute investment composite returns, gross of fees, and relative performance as of June 30, 2018 compared to benchmarks for certain representative Institutional equity and fixed income services are as follows:

	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year
Global High Income - Hedged (fixed income)			
Absolute return	1.6%	5.8%	5.8%
Relative return (vs. Bloomberg Barclays Global High Yield Index - Hedged)	0.5	0.1	_
U.S. High Yield (fixed income)			
Absolute return	2.9	5.1	5.7
Relative return (vs. Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Corp. High Yield Index)	0.3	(0.4)	0.1
Global Plus - Hedged (fixed income)			
Absolute return	1.1	3.5	3.9
Relative return (vs. Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index - Hedged)	(0.5)	0.7	0.6
Intermediate Municipal Bonds (fixed income)	, ,		
Absolute return	1.0	2.1	2.4
Relative return (vs. Lipper Short/Int. Blended Muni Fund Avg)	0.1	0.6	0.6
U.S. Strategic Core Plus (fixed income)			
Absolute return	0.3	2.8	3.3
Relative return (vs. Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index)	0.7	1.1	1.1
Emerging Market Debt (fixed income)			
Absolute return	(3.4)	4.5	4.5
Relative return (vs. JPM EMBI Global/JPM EMBI)	(1.0)	0.2	0.1
Emerging Markets Value	,		
Absolute return	1.9	3.0	5.0
Relative return (vs. MSCI EM Index)	(6.3)	(2.6)	(0.1)
Global Strategic Value	(0.0)	(=11)	(412)
Absolute return	5.6	5.4	10.0
Relative return (vs. MSCI ACWI Index)	(5.1)	(2.8)	0.6
U.S. Small & Mid Cap Value	(311)	(=13)	0.0
Absolute return	15.3	11.2	12.8
Relative return (vs. Russell 2500 Value Index)	3.9	1.5	2.0
U.S. Strategic Value			
Absolute return	8.5	4.8	9.2
Relative return (vs. Russell 1000 Value Index)	1.8	(3.5)	(1.2)
U.S. Small Cap Growth	_,,,	(5.5)	()
Absolute return	36.8	15.9	16.5
Relative return (vs. Russell 2000 Growth Index)	15.0	5.2	2.9
U.S. Large Cap Growth		<u> </u>	
Absolute return	23.2	15.8	19.2
Relative return (vs. Russell 1000 Growth Index)	0.7	0.8	2.9
U.S. Small & Mid Cap Growth	0. ,	0.0	_,,
Absolute return	33.1	14.1	15.4
Relative return (vs. Russell 2500 Growth Index)	11.6	3.2	1.6
Concentrated U.S. Growth	11.0	<u> </u>	1.0
Absolute return	13.9	11.2	14.5
Relative return (vs. S&P 500 Index)	(0.5)	(0.8)	1.1
Select U.S. Equity	(0.5)	(0.0)	1.1
Absolute return	16.1	11.8	13.3
Relative return (vs. S&P 500 Index)	1.7	(0.1)	(0.1)
Strategic Equities	1./	(0.1)	(0.1)
Absolute return	14.8	10.3	13.0
Relative return (vs. Russell 3000 Index)	14.0	(1.3)	(0.3)
Global Core Equity	-	(1.5)	(0.5)
Absolute return	11.9	10.2	10.1
		10.3	
Relative return (vs. MSCI ACWI Index)	1.1	2.2	0.7

Consolidated Results of Operations

Three	Months	Ended	June
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	•	30,							Six Months E	nde	l June 30,			
		2018		2017	\$	Change	% Change		2018		2017	9	Change	% Change
							(in thousands, e	exce	pt per unit amoı	ınts)				
Net revenues	\$	844,738	\$	802,313	\$	42,425	5.3 %	\$	1,712,525	\$	1,567,230	\$	145,295	9.3 %
Expenses		655,274		639,776		15,498	2.4		1,300,390		1,238,381		62,009	5.0
Operating income		189,464		162,537		26,927	16.6		412,135		328,849		83,286	25.3
Income taxes		7,538		10,265		(2,727)	(26.6)		23,363		20,322		3,041	15.0
Net income		181,926		152,272		29,654	19.5		388,772		308,527		80,245	26.0
Net income of consolidated entities attributable to non- controlling interests		261		17,169		(16,908)	(98.5)		22,911		33,487		(10,576)	(31.6)
Net income attributable to AB Unitholders	\$	181,665	\$	135,103	\$	46,562	34.5	\$	365,861	\$	275,040	\$	90,821	33.0
Diluted net income per AB Unit	\$	0.66	\$	0.50	\$	0.16	32.0	\$	1.34	\$	1.01	\$	0.33	32.7
Distributions per AB Unit	\$	0.69	\$	0.56	\$	0.13	23.2	\$	1.49	\$	1.08	\$	0.41	38.0
Operating margin (1)		22.4%)	18.1%	_				22.7%		18.8%			

⁽¹⁾ Operating income excluding net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests as a percentage of net revenues.

Net income attributable to AB Unitholders for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$46.6 million, or 34.5%, from the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase primarily is due to (in millions):

Higher base advisory fees	\$ 45.1
Lower general and administrative expenses (including real estate charges)	22.5
Higher performance-based fees	20.6
Lower net income of consolidated entities attributable to non-controlling interests	16.9
Higher employee compensation and benefits	(30.4)
Lower investment gains	(23.9)
Higher trade execution, marketing, T&E and other expenses	(3.9)
Other	(0.3)
	\$ 46.6

Net income attributable to AB Unitholders for the six months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$90.8 million, or 33.0%, from the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase primarily is due to (in millions):

Higher base advisory fees	\$ 120.2
Higher performance-based fees	20.8
Lower general and administrative expenses (including real estate charges)	15.7
Lower net income of consolidated entities attributable to non-controlling interests	10.6
Higher other revenues	7.7
Higher employee compensation and benefits	(52.5)
Lower investment gains	(23.0)
Higher trade execution, marketing, T&E and other expenses	(7.6)
Other	(1.1)
	\$ 90.8

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which outlines a single comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers and supersedes most of the existing revenue recognition requirements. We adopted this new standard on January 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis for contracts that were not completed as of the date of adoption. This adoption method required an adjustment to the 2018 opening balance of partners' capital for the cumulative effect of initially applying the new standard.

The new standard did not change the timing of revenue recognition for our base fees, distribution revenues, shareholder servicing fees and broker-dealer revenues. However, performance-based fees, which, prior to the adoption of ASC 606, were recognized at the end of the applicable measurement period when no risk of reversal remained, and carried-interest distributions received (considered performance-based fees), recorded as deferred revenues until no risk of reversal remained, may in certain instances be recognized earlier under the new standard, if it is probable that significant reversal of performance-based fees recognized will not occur.

On January 1, 2018, we recorded a cumulative effect adjustment, net of tax, of \$35.0 million to partners' capital in the condensed consolidated statement of financial condition. This amount represents carried-interest distributions of \$77.9 million previously received, net of revenue sharing payments to investment team-members of \$42.7 million, with respect to which it is probable that significant reversal will not occur. These amounts were included in adjusted net revenues and adjusted operating income in the first quarter of 2018.

Real Estate Charges

Since 2010, we have sub-leased over one million square feet of office space.

During the first six months of 2018, we recorded pre-tax real estate charges of \$6.6 million, resulting from changes in estimates pertaining to previously recorded real estate charges. During the first six months of 2017, we recorded pre-tax real estate charges of \$20.7 million, resulting from new charges of \$21.5 million primarily relating to the further consolidation of office space at our New York offices, offset by changes in estimates related to previously recorded real estate charges of \$0.8 million.

Units Outstanding

Each quarter, we consider whether to implement a plan to repurchase AB Holding Units pursuant to Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Exchange Act. A plan of this type allows a company to repurchase its shares at times when it otherwise might be prevented from doing so because of self-imposed trading blackout periods or because it possesses material non-public information. Each broker we select has the authority under the terms and limitations specified in the plan to repurchase AB Holding Units on our behalf in accordance with the terms of the plan. Repurchases are subject to regulations promulgated by the SEC as well as certain price, market volume and timing constraints specified in the plan. The plan adopted during the second quarter of 2018 expired at the close of business on July 25, 2018. We may adopt additional plans in the future to engage in open-market purchases of AB

Holding Units to help fund anticipated obligations under our incentive compensation award program and for other corporate purposes.

Cash Distributions

We are required to distribute all of our Available Cash Flow, as defined in the AB Partnership Agreement, to our Unitholders and the General Partner. Available Cash Flow typically is the adjusted diluted net income per unit for the quarter multiplied by the number of general and limited partnership interests at the end of the quarter. In future periods, management anticipates that Available Cash Flow will continue to be based on adjusted diluted net income per unit, unless management determines, with concurrence of the Board of Directors, that one or more adjustments that are made for adjusted net income should not be made with respect to the Available Cash Flow calculation. See Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements contained in Item 1 for a description of Available Cash Flow.

Management Operating Metrics

We are providing the non-GAAP measures "adjusted net revenues", "adjusted operating income" and "adjusted operating margin" because they are the principal operating metrics management uses in evaluating and comparing period-to-period operating performance. Management principally uses these metrics in evaluating performance because they present a clearer picture of our operating performance and allow management to see long-term trends without the distortion primarily caused by long-term incentive compensation-related mark-to-market adjustments, real estate consolidation charges and other adjustment items. Similarly, we believe that these management operating metrics help investors better understand the underlying trends in our results and, accordingly, provide a valuable perspective for investors.

These non-GAAP measures are provided in addition to, and not as substitutes for, net revenues, operating income and operating margin, and they may not be comparable to non-GAAP measures presented by other companies. Management uses both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") and non-GAAP measures in evaluating our financial performance. The non-GAAP measures alone may pose limitations because they do not include all of our revenues and expenses.

	_	Three Months	Ende	d June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2018		2017		2018		2017	
			(in	thousands, excep	pt per unit amounts				
Net revenues, US GAAP basis	\$	844,738	\$	802,313	\$	1,712,525	\$	1,567,230	
Adjustments:									
Impact of adoption of revenue recognition standard ASC 606		_		_		77,844		_	
Distribution-related payments		(106,301)		(100,632)		(216,455)		(194,845)	
Amortization of deferred sales commissions		(6,113)		(8,307)		(12,711)		(17,386)	
Pass-through fees and expenses		(10,487)		(9,701)		(21,096)		(20,108)	
Impact of consolidated company-sponsored funds		(1,494)		(25,701)		(37,530)		(47,855)	
Gain on sale of software technology		_		(4,231)		_		(4,231)	
Long-term incentive compensation-related investment (gains) and dividend and interest		(698)		(2,076)		(582)		(5,214)	
Other		47		_		47		_	
Adjusted net revenues ⁽¹⁾	\$	719,692	\$	651,665	\$	1,502,042	\$	1,277,591	
a de la vacanta	ф	400 404	Φ.	400 =0=	Φ.	440.40	Φ.	220.040	
Operating income, US GAAP basis	\$	189,464	\$	162,537	\$	412,135	\$	328,849	
Adjustments:						25.456			
Impact of adoption of revenue recognition standard ASC 606						35,156		20.545	
Real estate charges (credits)		6,909		20,747		6,645		20,745	
Acquisition-related expenses		_		25		_		550	
Gain on sale of software technology				(4,231)		1 000		(4,231)	
Long-term incentive compensation-related items		585		417		1,002		484	
Other		47				47			
Sub-total of non-GAAP adjustments		7,541		16,958		42,850		17,548	
Less: Net income of consolidated entities attributable to non- controlling interests		261		17,169		22,911		33,487	
Adjusted operating income		196,744		162,326		432,074		312,910	
Adjusted income taxes		7,830		11,342		24,498		21,410	
Adjusted net income		188,914		150,984		407,576		291,500	
Diluted net income per AB Unit, GAAP basis	\$	0.66	\$	0.50	\$	1.34	\$	1.01	
Impact of non-GAAP adjustments	-	0.03	•	0.06	•	0.15	•	0.06	
Adjusted diluted net income per AB Unit	\$	0.69	\$	0.56	\$	1.49	\$	1.07	
		<u> </u>						26-3	
Adjusted operating margin ⁽¹⁾		27.3%		24.9%		28.8%		24.5%	

⁽¹⁾ Prior period adjusted net revenues and operating margin have been revised due to a GAAP reclassification of certain promotion and servicing expenses that impacted adjusted revenues previously presented.

Adjusted operating income for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$34.4 million, or 21.2%, from the three months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to higher investment advisory base fees of \$44.9 million and higher performance-based fees of \$20.6 million, offset by higher employee compensation expense (excluding the impact of long-term incentive compensation-related items) of \$31.6 million. Adjusted operating income for the six months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$119.2 million, or 38.1%, from the six months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to higher investment advisory base fees of \$122.6 million and higher performance-based fees of \$98.6 million, offset by higher employee compensation expense (excluding the impact of long-term incentive compensation-related items) of \$99.8 million.

On January 1, 2018, we recorded a cumulative effect adjustment, net of tax, of \$35.0 million to partners' capital in the condensed consolidated statement of financial condition. This amount represents carried-interest distributions of \$77.9 million previously received, net of revenue sharing payments to investment team-members, of \$42.7 million, with respect to which it is probable that significant reversal will not occur. These amounts were included in adjusted net revenues and adjusted operating income in the first quarter of 2018.

Adjusted Net Revenues

Adjusted net revenues offset distribution-related payments to third parties as well as amortization of deferred sales commissions against distribution revenues. We believe offsetting net revenues by distribution-related payments is useful for our investors and other users of our financial statements because such presentation appropriately reflects the nature of these costs as pass-through payments to third parties who perform functions on behalf of our sponsored mutual funds and/or shareholders of these funds. We offset amortization of deferred sales commissions against net revenues because such costs, over time, essentially offset our distribution revenues. We also exclude additional pass-through expenses we incur (primarily through our transfer agency) that are reimbursed and recorded as fees in revenues. These fees do not affect operating income, but they do affect our operating margin. As such, we exclude these fees from adjusted net revenues.

We adjust for the revenue impact of consolidating company-sponsored investment funds by eliminating the consolidated company-sponsored investment funds' revenues and including AB's fees from such consolidated company-sponsored investment funds and AB's investment gains and losses on its investments in such consolidated company-sponsored investment funds that were eliminated in consolidation.

Adjusted net revenues exclude investment gains and losses and dividends and interest on employee long-term incentive compensation-related investments.

Adjusted net revenues include the impact of adoption of revenue recognition standard ASC 606, discussed above.

In the second quarter of 2017, we excluded a realized gain of \$4.2 million on the exchange of software technology for an ownership stake in a third party provider of financial market data and trading tools.

Adjusted Operating Income

Adjusted operating income represents operating income on a US GAAP basis excluding (1) real estate charges (credits), (2) acquisition-related expenses, (3) the impact on net revenues and compensation expense of the investment gains and losses (as well as the dividends and interest) associated with employee long-term incentive compensation-related investments, and (4) the impact of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds; provided, however, that adjusted operating income includes the revenues and expenses associated with the implementation of ASC 606 *discussed above*.

Real estate charges (credits) have been excluded because they are not considered part of our core operating results when comparing financial results from period to period and to industry peers.

Acquisition-related expenses have been excluded because they are not considered part of our core operating results when comparing financial results from period to period and to industry peers.

Prior to 2009, a significant portion of employee compensation was in the form of long-term incentive compensation awards that were notionally invested in AB investment services and generally vested over a period of four years. AB economically hedged the exposure to market movements by purchasing and holding these investments on its balance sheet. All such investments had vested as of year-end 2012 and the investments have been delivered to the participants, except for those investments with respect to which the participant elected a long-term deferral. Fluctuation in the value of these investments is recorded within investment gains and losses on the income statement and also impacts compensation expense. Management believes it is useful to reflect the offset achieved from economically hedging the market exposure of these investments in the calculation of adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin. The non-GAAP measures exclude gains and losses and dividends and interest on employee long-term incentive compensation-related investments included in revenues and compensation expense.

We adjusted for the operating income impact of consolidating certain company-sponsored investment funds by eliminating the consolidated company-sponsored funds' revenues and expenses and including AB's revenues and expenses that were eliminated in consolidation. We also excluded the limited partner interests we do not own.

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Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Diluted Net Income per AB Unit

As previously discussed, our quarterly distribution is typically our adjusted diluted net income per unit (which is derived from adjusted net income) for the quarter multiplied by the number of general and limited partnership interests at the end of the quarter. Adjusted income taxes, used in calculating adjusted net income, are calculated using the GAAP effective tax rate adjusted for non-GAAP income tax adjustments.

Adjusted Operating Margin

Adjusted operating margin allows us to monitor our financial performance and efficiency from period to period without the volatility *noted above in our discussion of adjusted operating income* and to compare our performance to industry peers on a basis that better reflects our performance in our core business. Adjusted operating margin is derived by dividing adjusted operating income by adjusted net revenues.

Net Revenues

The adoption of ASC 606, *discussed previously*, had no significant impact on revenue recognition during the first six months of 2018. The components of net revenues are as follows:

revenues are as re	JIIOW	5.													
	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended									
		2018		2017	\$ Cha	nge	% C	hange		2018		2017	\$	Change	% Change
			(in	thousands)							(in thousands)				
Investment advisory and services fees:															
Institutions:															
Base fees	\$	110,793	\$	107,089	\$ 3	,704		3.5 %	\$	225,878	\$	209,498	\$	16,380	7.8 %
Performance- based fees		3,575		2,452	1	,123		45.8		4,763		6,678		(1,915)	(28.7)
		114,368		109,541	4	,827		4.4		230,641		216,176		14,465	6.7
Retail:															
Base fees		247,940		224,182	23	,758		10.6		498,551		433,279		65,272	15.1
Performance- based fees		13,524		11,818	1	,706		14.4		15,035		13,423		1,612	12.0
		261,464		236,000	25	,464		10.8		513,586		446,702		66,884	15.0
Private Wealth Management:															
Base fees		202,839		185,214	17	,625		9.5		404,481		365,884		38,597	10.5
Performance- based fees		18,199		408	17	,791	4	,360.5		21,760		691		21,069	3,049.1
		221,038		185,622	35	,416		19.1		426,241		366,575		59,666	16.3
Total:															
Base fees		561,572		516,485	45	,087		8.7		1,128,910		1,008,661		120,249	11.9
Performance- based fees		35,298		14,678	20	,620		140.5		41,558		20,792		20,766	99.9
		596,870		531,163	65	,707		12.4		1,170,468		1,029,453		141,015	13.7
Bernstein Research		100 011		100 150	.	250		(D.0)		222 644		222 244		(4.500)	(O. T)
Services		106,211		109,470	(3	,259)		(3.0)		220,611		222,211		(1,600)	(0.7)
Distribution revenues		105,118		100,149	4	,969		5.0		213,122		196,703		16,419	8.3
Dividend and interest income		21,194		19,348	1	,846		9.5		49,409		33,404		16,005	47.9
Investment gains (losses)		213		24,113	(23	,900)		(99.1)		26,295		49,314		(23,019)	(46.7)
Other revenues		27,264		24,265	2	,999		12.4		54,292		46,630		7,662	16.4
Total revenues Less: Interest		856,870		808,508	48	,362		6.0		1,734,197		1,577,715		156,482	9.9

95.8

5.3

10,485

1,567,230

21,672

1,712,525

11,187

145,295

106.7

9.3

6,195

802,313

12,132

844,738

expense
Net revenues

5,937

42,425

Investment Advisory and Services Fees

Investment advisory and services fees are the largest component of our revenues. These fees generally are calculated as a percentage of the value of AUM as of a specified date, or as a percentage of the value of average AUM for the applicable billing period, and vary with the type of investment service, the size of the account and the total amount of assets we manage for a particular client. Accordingly, fee income generally increases or decreases as AUM increases or decreases and is affected by market appreciation or depreciation, the addition of new client accounts or client contributions of additional assets to existing accounts, withdrawals of assets from and termination of client accounts, purchases and redemptions of mutual fund shares, shifts of assets between accounts or products with different fee structures, and acquisitions. Our average basis points realized (investment advisory and services fees divided by average AUM) generally approximate 40 to 110 basis points for actively-managed equity services, 10 to 75 basis points for actively-managed fixed income services and 2 to 20 basis points for passively-managed services. Average basis points realized for other services could range from 5 basis points for certain Institutional asset allocation services to over 100 basis points for certain Retail and Private Wealth Management alternative services. These ranges include all-inclusive fee arrangements (covering investment management, trade execution and other services) for our Private Wealth Management clients.

We calculate AUM using established market-based valuation methods and fair valuation (non-observable market) methods. Market-based valuation methods include: last sale/settle prices from an exchange for actively-traded listed equities, options and futures; evaluated bid prices from recognized pricing vendors for fixed income, asset-backed or mortgage-backed issues; mid prices from recognized pricing vendors and brokers for credit default swaps; and quoted bids or spreads from pricing vendors and brokers for other derivative products. Fair valuation methods include: discounted cash flow models, evaluation of assets versus liabilities or any other methodology that is validated and approved by our Valuation Committee (see paragraph immediately below for more information regarding our Valuation Committee). Fair valuation methods are used only where AUM cannot be valued using market-based valuation methods, such as in the case of private equity or illiquid securities.

The Valuation Committee, which consists of senior officers and employees, is responsible for overseeing the pricing and valuation of all investments held in client and AB portfolios. The Valuation Committee has adopted a Statement of Pricing Policies describing principles and policies that apply to pricing and valuing investments held in these portfolios. We also have a Pricing Group, which reports to the Valuation Committee and is responsible for overseeing the pricing process for all investments.

We sometimes charge our clients performance-based fees. In these situations, we charge a base advisory fee and are eligible to earn an additional performance-based fee or incentive allocation that is calculated as either a percentage of absolute investment results or a percentage of investment results in excess of a stated benchmark over a specified period of time. Some performance-based fees include a high-watermark provision, which generally provides that if a client account underperforms relative to its performance target (whether absolute or relative to a specified benchmark), it must gain back such underperformance before we can collect future performance-based fees. Therefore, if we fail to achieve our performance target for a particular period, we will not earn a performance-based fee for that period and, for accounts with a high-watermark provision, our ability to earn future performance-based fees will be impaired. We are eligible to earn performance-based fees on 7.0%, 7.0% and 0.9% of the assets we manage for institutional clients, private wealth clients and retail clients, respectively (in total, 4.9% of our AUM).

For the three months ended June 30, 2018, our investment advisory and services fees increased by \$65.7 million, or 12.4%, from the three months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to a \$45.1 million, or 8.7%, increase in base fees, which primarily resulted from a 6.8% increase in average AUM. Additionally, performance-based fees increased \$20.6 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2018, our investment advisory and services fees increased by \$141.0 million, or 13.7%, from the six months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to a \$120.2 million, or 11.9%, increase in base fees, which primarily resulted from a 10.0% increase in average AUM. Additionally, performance-based fees increased \$20.8 million.

Institutional investment advisory and services fees for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased by \$4.8 million, or 4.4%, from the three months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to a \$3.7 million, or 3.5%, increase in base fees, which primarily resulted from a 3.2% increase in average AUM. Additionally, performance-based fees increased \$1.1 million. Institutional investment advisory and services fees for the six months ended June 30, 2018 increased by \$14.5 million, or 6.7%, from the six months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to a \$16.4 million, or 7.8%, increase in base fees, which primarily resulted from a 6.6% increase in average AUM. Offsetting the increase in base fees was a \$1.9 decrease in performance-based fees.

Retail investment advisory and services fees for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased by \$25.5 million, or 10.8%, from the three months ended June 30, 2017, due to an increase in base fees of \$23.8 million, or 10.6%, primarily resulting from a 10.1% increase in average AUM. Retail investment advisory and services fees for the six months ended June 30, 2018 increased by \$66.9

million, or 15.0%, from the six months ended June 30, 2017, due to an increase in base fees of \$65.3 million, or 15.1%, primarily resulting from a 13.9% increase in average AUM.

Private Wealth Management investment advisory and services fees for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased by \$35.4 million, or 19.1%, from the three months ended June 30, 2017, due to an increase in base fees of \$17.6 million, or 9.5%, primarily resulting from a 10.7% increase in average AUM. In addition, performance-based fees increased \$17.8 million. Private Wealth Management investment advisory and services fees for the six months ended June 30, 2018 increased by \$59.7 million, or 16.3%, from the six months ended June 30, 2017, due to an increase in base fees of \$38.6 million, or 10.5%, primarily resulting from a 12.3% increase in average AUM. In addition, performance-based fees increased by \$21.1 million.

Bernstein Research Services

We earn revenues for providing investment research to, and executing brokerage transactions for, institutional clients. These clients compensate us principally by directing us to execute brokerage transactions on their behalf, for which we earn commissions, and to a lesser extent by paying us directly for research through commission sharing agreements or cash payments.

Revenues from Bernstein Research Services for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 decreased \$3.3 million, or 3.0%, and \$1.6 million, or 0.7%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2017, due to lower revenues in the U.S. and Europe due mainly to a volume shift towards lower priced electronic trading, partially offset by higher revenues in Asia and the impact of a weaker U.S. dollar. Global revenues continue to be negatively impacted by fee pressure due to unbundling of research payments from trading commissions.

Distribution Revenues

Two of our subsidiaries act as distributors and/or placing agents of company-sponsored mutual funds and receive distribution services fees from certain of those funds as partial reimbursement of the distribution expenses they incur. Period-over-period fluctuations of distribution revenues typically are in line with fluctuations of the corresponding average AUM of these mutual funds.

Distribution revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$5.0 million, or 5.0%, and \$16.4 million, or 8.3%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2017, primarily due to the corresponding average AUM of these mutual funds increasing 8.2% and 12.5%, respectively, offset by the impact of a shift in product mix. For the three months ended June 30, 2018, average AUM of A-share mutual funds (which have lower distribution fee rates than B-share and C-share mutual funds) increased 7.6%, while average AUM of B-share and C-share mutual funds (which have lower distribution fee rates than B-share and C-share mutual funds) increased 13.0%, while average AUM of B-share mutual funds decreased by 21.9%.

Dividend and Interest Income and Interest Expense

Dividend and interest income consists primarily of investment income and interest earned on customer margin balances and U.S. Treasury Bills as well as dividend and interest income in our consolidated company-sponsored investment funds. Interest expense principally reflects interest accrued on cash balances in customers' brokerage accounts. Dividend and interest income, net of interest expense, for the three months ended June 30, 2018 decreased \$4.1 million, or 31.1%, compared to the corresponding period in 2017, primarily due to lower dividend and interest income in our consolidated company-sponsored investment funds. For the six months ended June 30, 2018 dividend and interest income, net of interest expense, increased \$4.8 million, or 21.0%, compared to the corresponding periods in 2017, primarily due to higher dividend and interest income in our consolidated company-sponsored investment funds.

Investment Gains (Losses)

Investment gains (losses) consist primarily of realized and unrealized investment gains or losses on: (i) employee long-term incentive compensation-related investments, (ii) U.S. Treasury Bills, (iii) market-making in exchange-traded options and equities, (iv) seed capital investments, (v) derivatives and (vi) investments in our consolidated company-sponsored investment funds. Investments gains (losses) also include equity in earnings of proprietary investments in limited partnership hedge funds that we sponsor and manage.

Investment gains (losses) are as follows:

	7	Three Months	Ende	d June 30,		Six Months E	Ended	ıded June 30,		
		2018		2017		2018		2017		
				(in thou	sands)				
Long-term incentive compensation-related investments										
Realized gains (losses)	\$	290	\$	36	\$	2,172	\$	1,773		
Unrealized gains (losses)		253		1,890		(1,839)		3,132		
Investments held by consolidated company-sponsored funds										
Realized gains (losses)		1,150		31,013		2,833		28,381		
Unrealized gains (losses)		(2,930)		(8,284)		20,463		18,550		
Seed capital investments										
Realized gains (losses)										
Seed capital		(4,902)		20,258		(4,494)		20,895		
Derivatives		90		(8,277)		(703)		(15,455)		
Unrealized gains (losses)										
Seed capital		6,755		(13,811)		5,373		(5,960)		
Derivatives		(498)		2,890		2,679		572		
Brokerage-related investments										
Realized gains (losses)		(183)		(1,450)		279		(2,448)		
Unrealized gains (losses)		188		(152)		(468)		(126)		
	\$	213	\$	24,113	\$	26,295	\$	49,314		

During the second quarter of 2017, we realized a gain of \$4.2 million on the exchange of software technology for an ownership stake in a third party provider of financial market data and trading tools.

Other Revenues

Other revenues consist of fees earned for transfer agency services provided to company-sponsored mutual funds, fees earned for administration and recordkeeping services provided to company-sponsored mutual funds and the general accounts of AXA and its subsidiaries, and other miscellaneous revenues. Other revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$3.0 million, or 12.4%, compared to the corresponding period in 2017, primarily due to higher administrative agent fees relating to our middle market lending business of \$1.6 million and brokerage income of \$0.8 million. Other revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$7.7 million, or 16.4%, compared to the corresponding period in 2017, primarily due to higher administrative agent fees relating to our middle market lending business of \$2.2 million, shareholder servicing fees of \$2.0 million and brokerage income of \$2.0 million.

Expenses

The components of expenses are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,								Si	x Months I	Ended	l June 30,			
	2018 2017		\$	Change	% Ch	ange	-	2018	2017		\$ Change		% Change		
			(in	thousands)							(in thousands)				
Employee compensation and benefits	\$	358,248	\$	327,862	\$	30,386		9.3 %	\$	702,073	\$	649,610	\$	52,463	8.1 %
Promotion and servicing:															
Distribution- related payments		106,301		100,632		5,669		5.6		216,455		194,845		21,610	11.1
Amortization of deferred sales commissions		6,113		8,307		(2,194)	(2	26.4)		12,711		17,386		(4,675)	(26.9)
Trade execution, marketing, T&E and other		59,259		55,359		3,900		7.0		113,302		105,727		7,575	7.2
		171,673		164,298		7,375		4.5		342,468		317,958		24,510	7.7
General and administrative:															
General and administrative		108,836		117,462		(8,626)		(7.3)		230,070		231,683		(1,613)	(0.7)
Real estate charges		6,909		20,747		(13,838)	(6	66.7)		6,645		20,745		(14,100)	(68.0)
		115,745		138,209		(22,464)	(1	16.3)		236,715		252,428		(15,713)	(6.2)
Contingent payment arrangements		52		178		(126)	(7	70.8)		105		355		(250)	(70.4)
Interest		2,629		2,254		375	1	16.6		5,241		4,122		1,119	27.1
Amortization of															

Employee Compensation and Benefits

\$

6,927

655,274

6,975

639,776

intangible assets

Total

Employee compensation and benefits consist of base compensation (including salaries and severance), annual short-term incentive compensation awards (cash bonuses), annual long-term incentive compensation awards, commissions, fringe benefits and other employment costs (including recruitment, training, temporary help and meals).

(0.7)

2.4

13,788

1,300,390

13,908

1,238,381

(120)

62,009

(0.9)

5.0

(48)

15,498

Compensation expense as a percentage of net revenues was 42.4% and 40.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Compensation expense generally is determined on a discretionary basis and is primarily a function of our firm's current-year financial performance. The amounts of incentive compensation we award are designed to motivate, reward and retain top talent while aligning our executives' interests with the interests of our Unitholders. Senior management, with the approval of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of AllianceBernstein Corporation ("Compensation Committee"), periodically confirms that the appropriate metric to consider in determining the amount of incentive compensation is the ratio of adjusted employee compensation and benefits expense to adjusted net revenues. Adjusted net revenues used in the adjusted compensation ratio are the same as the adjusted net revenues presented as a non-GAAP measure (discussed earlier in this MD&A). Adjusted employee compensation and benefits expense is total employee compensation and benefits expense minus other employment costs such as recruitment, training, temporary help and meals (which were 1.1% and 1.0%, respectively, of

adjusted net revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, and 1.1% of adjusted net revenues for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2017), and excludes the impact of mark-to-market vesting expense, as well as dividends and interest expense, associated with employee long-term incentive compensation-related investments. Senior management, with the approval of the Compensation Committee, has established as an objective that adjusted employee compensation and benefits expense generally should not exceed 50% of our adjusted net revenues, except in unexpected or unusual circumstances. Our ratio of adjusted compensation expense as a percentage of adjusted net revenues was 48.5% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, and 49.0% and 49.5%, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

For the three months ended June 30, 2018, employee compensation and benefits expense increased \$30.4 million, or 9.3%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to higher incentive compensation of \$31.9 million, higher commissions of \$6.9 million and higher base salaries of \$5.7 million, offset by lower severance expense of \$15.9 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2018, employee compensation and benefits expense increased \$52.5 million, or 8.1%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to higher incentive compensation of \$42.1 million, higher commissions of \$11.2 million, higher base salaries of \$11.1 million and higher fringes of \$3.4 million, offset by lower severance expense of \$16.1 million.

Promotion and Servicing

Promotion and servicing expenses include distribution-related payments to financial intermediaries for distribution of AB mutual funds and amortization of deferred sales commissions paid to financial intermediaries for the sale of back-end load shares of AB mutual funds. Also included in this expense category are costs related to travel and entertainment, advertising and promotional materials.

Promotion and servicing expenses increased \$7.4 million, or 4.5%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase primarily was due to higher distribution-related payments of \$5.7 million, higher trade execution and clearing costs of \$1.9 million and higher transfer fees of \$1.5 million, offset by lower amortization of deferred sales commissions of \$2.2 million. Promotion and servicing expenses increased \$24.5 million, or 7.7%, during the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase primarily was due to higher distribution-related payments of \$21.6 million, higher trade execution and clearing costs of \$5.2 million and higher transfer fees of \$2.3 million, offset by lower amortization of deferred sales commissions of \$4.7 million.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses include portfolio services expenses, technology expenses, professional fees and office-related expenses (occupancy, communications and similar expenses). General and administrative expenses as a percentage of net revenues were 13.7% (12.9% excluding real estate charges) and 17.2% (14.6% excluding real estate charges) for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. General and administrative expenses decreased \$22.5 million, or 16.3%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the corresponding period in 2017, primarily due to lower real estate charges of \$13.8 million and lower expenses related to our consolidated company-sponsored investment funds of \$7.3 million. General and administrative expenses as a percentage of net revenues were 13.8% (13.4% excluding real estate charges) and 16.1% (14.8% excluding real estate charges) for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. General and administrative expenses decreased \$15.7 million, or 6.2%, during the first six months of 2018 compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to lower real estate charges of \$14.1 million.

Contingent Payment Arrangements

Contingent payment arrangements reflect changes in estimates of contingent payment liabilities associated with acquisitions in previous periods, as well as accretion expense of these liabilities. There were no changes in estimates during the first six months of 2018 and 2017.

Income Taxes

AB, a private limited partnership, is not subject to federal or state corporate income taxes, but is subject to a 4.0% New York City unincorporated business tax ("UBT"). Our domestic corporate subsidiaries are subject to federal, state and local income taxes, and generally are included in the filing of a consolidated federal income tax return. Separate state and local income tax returns also are filed. Foreign corporate subsidiaries generally are subject to taxes in the foreign jurisdictions where they are located.

Income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2018 decreased \$2.7 million, or 26.6%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017. The decrease is due to a lower effective tax rate in the current quarter of 4.0% compared to 6.3% in the second quarter of 2017, driven by the effect of foreign operations and a favorable reduction in the mix of earnings at the AB

corporate group. Income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2018 increased \$3.0 million, or 15.0%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase is driven by the effect of foreign operations and a less favorable mix of earnings across the AB tax filing groups. No changes were made during the first six months of 2018 to the provisional amounts recorded as of December 31, 2017 relating to the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

Net Income (Loss) of Consolidated Entities Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests

Net income (loss) of consolidated entities attributable to non-controlling interests primarily consists of limited partner interests owned by other investors in our consolidated company-sponsored investment funds. During the first six months of 2018, we had \$22.9 million of net gains of consolidated entities attributable to non-controlling interests compared to net gains of \$33.5 million during the first six months of 2017. Fluctuations period-to-period are driven by the number of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds and their respective market performance.

CAPITAL RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

During the first six months of 2018, net cash provided by operating activities was \$765.5 million, compared to \$448.2 million during the corresponding 2017 period. The change reflects a decrease in net activity of our consolidated investment funds of \$197.1 million, a decrease in broker-dealer related receivables (net of payables and segregated U.S. Treasury bills activity) of \$83.0 million, higher cash provided by net income of \$55.9 million and a decrease in fees receivable of \$25.6 million, offset by an increase in other assets of \$48.5 million.

During the first six months of 2018, net cash used in investing activities was \$11.5 million, compared to \$14.0 million during the corresponding 2017 period. The change is due to lower purchases of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements.

During the first six months of 2018, net cash used in financing activities was \$1.1 billion, compared to \$476.8 million during the corresponding 2017 period. The change reflects higher net redemptions in consolidated company-sponsored investments funds of \$443.1 million, higher distributions to the General Partner and Unitholders of \$127.4 million as a result of higher earnings (distributions on earnings are paid one quarter in arrears), repayment of bank loans in 2018 versus proceeds in 2017 for \$105.0 million and a decrease in overdrafts payable of \$97.5 million, offset by lower repurchases of AB Holding Units of \$92.6 million and net issuance of commercial paper in 2018 versus net repayment in 2017 for \$53.8 million,

As of June 30, 2018, AB had \$628.8 million of cash and cash equivalents (excluding cash and cash equivalents of consolidated company-sponsored investment funds), all of which are available for liquidity, but consist primarily of cash on deposit for our broker-dealers to comply with various customer clearing activities, and cash held by foreign subsidiaries of \$395.9 million.

Debt and Credit Facilities

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, AB had \$515.9 million and \$491.8 million, respectively, in commercial paper outstanding with weighted average interest rates of approximately 2.0% and 1.6%, respectively. The commercial paper is short term in nature, and as such, recorded value is estimated to approximate fair value (and considered a Level 2 security in the fair value hierarchy). Average daily borrowings of commercial paper during the first six months of 2018 and the full year 2017 were \$429.3 million and \$482.2 million, respectively, with weighted average interest rates of approximately 1.9% and 1.2%, respectively.

AB has a \$1.0 billion committed, unsecured senior revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with a group of commercial banks and other lenders, which matures on October 22, 2019. The Credit Facility provides for possible increases in the principal amount by up to an aggregate incremental amount of \$250.0 million; any such increase is subject to the consent of the affected lenders. The Credit Facility is available for AB and Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC ("SCB LLC") business purposes, including the support of AB's \$1.0 billion commercial paper program. Both AB and SCB LLC can draw directly under the Credit Facility and management may draw on the Credit Facility from time to time. AB has agreed to guarantee the obligations of SCB LLC under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility contains affirmative, negative and financial covenants, which are customary for facilities of this type, including restrictions on dispositions of assets, restrictions on liens, a minimum interest coverage ratio and a maximum leverage ratio. As of June 30, 2018, we were in compliance with these covenants. The Credit Facility also includes customary events of default (with customary grace periods, as applicable), including provisions under which, upon the occurrence of an event of default, all outstanding loans may be accelerated and/or lender's commitments may be terminated. Also, under such provisions, upon the occurrence of certain insolvency- or bankruptcy-related events of default, all amounts payable under the Credit Facility would automatically become immediately due and payable, and the lender's commitments would automatically terminate.

Amounts under the Credit Facility may be borrowed, repaid and re-borrowed by us from time to time until the maturity of the facility. Voluntary prepayments and commitment reductions requested by us are permitted at any time without fee (other than customary breakage costs relating to the prepayment of any drawn loans) upon proper notice and subject to a minimum dollar requirement. Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest at a rate per annum, which will be, at our option, a rate equal to an applicable margin, which is subject to adjustment based on the credit ratings of AB, plus one of the following indexes: London Interbank Offered Rate; a floating base rate; or the Federal Funds rate.

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had no amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility. During the first six months of 2018 and the full year 2017, we did not draw upon the Credit Facility.

AB has a \$200.0 million, unsecured 364-day senior revolving credit facility (the "Revolver") with a leading international bank and the other lending institutions that may be party thereto, which matures on November 28, 2018. The Revolver is available for AB's and SCB LLC's business purposes, including the provision of additional liquidity to meet funding requirements primarily related to SCB LLC's operations. Both AB and SCB LLC can draw directly under the Revolver and management expects to draw on the Revolver from time to time. AB has agreed to guarantee the obligations of SCB LLC under the Revolver. The Revolver contains affirmative, negative and financial covenants that are identical to those of the Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2018, we had no amounts outstanding under the Revolver. As of December 31, 2017, we had \$75.0 million outstanding under the Revolver with an interest rate of 2.4%. Average daily borrowing under the Revolver during the first six months of 2018 and full year 2017 were \$18.0 million and \$21.4 million, respectively, with weighted average interest rates of approximately 2.6% and 2.0%, respectively.

In addition, SCB LLC currently has three uncommitted lines of credit with three financial institutions. Two of these lines of credit permit us to borrow up to an aggregate of approximately \$175.0 million, with AB named as an additional borrower, while the other line has no stated limit. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, SCB LLC had no bank loans outstanding. Average daily borrowings of bank loans during the first six months of 2018 and full year 2017 were \$3.3 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, with weighted average interest rates of approximately 1.5% and 1.4%, respectively.

Our financial condition and access to public and private debt markets should provide adequate liquidity for our general business needs. Management believes that cash flow from operations and the issuance of debt and AB Units or AB Holding Units will provide us with the resources we need to meet our financial obligations. See "Cautions Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

AB's capital commitments, which consist primarily of operating leases for office space, generally are funded from future operating cash flows.

As general partner of AllianceBernstein U.S. Real Estate L.P. ("Real Estate Fund"), we committed to invest \$25.0 million in the Real Estate Fund. As of June 30, 2018, we had funded \$22.3 million of this commitment. As general partner of AllianceBernstein U.S. Real Estate II L.P. ("Real Estate Fund II"), we committed to invest \$28.0 million in Real Estate Fund II. As of June 30, 2018, we had funded \$13.4 million of this commitment.

See Note 13 for discussion of contingencies.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes to condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

There have been no updates to our critical accounting estimates from those disclosed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition" in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Note 2 to AB's condensed consolidated financial statements contained in Item 1.

CAUTIONS REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements provided by management in this report and in the portion of AB's Form 10-Q attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The most significant of these factors include, but are not limited to, the following: the performance of financial markets, the investment performance of sponsored investment products

and separately-managed accounts, general economic conditions, industry trends, future acquisitions, integration of acquired companies, competitive conditions and government regulations, including changes in tax regulations and rates and the manner in which the earnings of publicly-traded partnerships are taxed. We caution readers to carefully consider such factors. Further, these forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made; we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements. For further information regarding these forward-looking statements and the factors that could cause actual results to differ, see "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 and Part II, Item 1A in this Form 10-Q. Any or all of the forward-looking statements that we make in our Form 10-K, this Form 10-Q, other documents we file with or furnish to the SEC, and any other public statements we issue, may turn out to be wrong. It is important to remember that other factors besides those listed in "Risk Factors" and those listed below could also adversely impact our revenues, financial condition, results of operations and business prospects.

The forward-looking statements referred to in *the preceding paragraph*, most of which directly affect AB but also affect AB Holding because AB Holding's principal source of income and cash flow is attributable to its investment in AB, include statements regarding:

- Our belief that the cash flow AB Holding realizes from its investment in AB will provide AB Holding with the resources it needs to meet its financial obligations: AB Holding's cash flow is dependent on the quarterly cash distributions it receives from AB. Accordingly, AB Holding's ability to meet its financial obligations is dependent on AB's cash flow from its operations, which is subject to the performance of the capital markets and other factors beyond our control.
- Our financial condition and ability to access the public and private capital markets providing adequate liquidity for our general business needs: Our financial condition is dependent on our cash flow from operations, which is subject to the performance of the capital markets, our ability to maintain and grow client assets under management and other factors beyond our control. Our ability to access public and private capital markets on reasonable terms may be limited by adverse market conditions, our firm's credit ratings, our profitability and changes in government regulations, including tax rates and interest rates.
- The outcome of litigation: Litigation is inherently unpredictable, and excessive damage awards do occur. Though we have stated that we do not expect any pending legal proceedings to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity, any settlement or judgment with respect to a pending or future legal proceeding could be significant, and could have such an effect.
- The possibility that we will engage in open market purchases of AB Holding Units to help fund anticipated obligations under our incentive compensation award program: The number of AB Holding Units AB may decide to buy in future periods, if any, to help fund incentive compensation awards depends on various factors, some of which are beyond our control, including the fluctuation in the price of an AB Holding Unit (NYSE: AB) and the availability of cash to make these purchases.
- Our determination that adjusted employee compensation expense should not exceed 50% of our adjusted net revenues: Aggregate employee compensation reflects employee performance and competitive compensation levels. Fluctuations in our revenues and/or changes in competitive compensation levels could result in adjusted employee compensation expense exceeding 50% of our adjusted net revenues.
- Our Relocation Strategy: While the expenses, expense savings and EPU impact we expect will result from our Relocation Strategy are presented with numerical specificity, and we believe these figures to be reasonable as of the date of this report, the uncertainties surrounding the assumptions on which our estimates are based create a significant risk that our current estimates may not be realized. These assumptions include:
 - the amount and timing of employee relocation costs, severance and overlapping compensation and occupancy costs we experience; and
 - the timing for execution of each phase of our relocation implementation plan.
- Our 2020 Margin Target: While our 2020 Margin Target is presented with numerical specificity, and we believe the target to be reasonable as of the date of this report, the uncertainties surrounding the assumptions on which the 2020 Margin Target is based create a significant risk that these assumptions may not be realized. These assumptions include:
 - the levels of positive net flows into our investment services;

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- the level of growth (in terms of additional AUM) in our alternatives product business;
- the rate of increase in our fixed costs due to inflation and similar factors, the transitional costs related to our relocation strategy and the timing of such costs, the success we have in achieving planned new cost reductions (including those relating to our relocation strategy) and the timing of such cost reductions, and the investments we make in our business; and
- general conditions of the markets in which our business operates, including modest appreciation in both equity and fixed income total investment returns

Item 3.Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes in AB's market risk from the information provided under "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in Part II, Item 7A of AB's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Item 4.Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Each of AB Holding and AB maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures that is designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner, and (ii) accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), to permit timely decisions regarding our disclosure.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, management carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the CEO and the CFO, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, the CEO and the CFO concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No change in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during the second quarter of 2018 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.